

Weather

Gloomy and damp today. The maximum temperature yesterday was 55 and the minimum 44.5, the figures for the corresponding day last year being 49.5 and 25.3.

THE CHINA PRESS

A Live Newspaper Devoted to Progress in China

NO. 2236 VOL. VIII. Registered at the Chinese P. O. for transmission "with special marks privileges in China" 中華民國十一年十二月十七日

SHANGHAI, TUESDAY, DECEMBER 17, 1918

大正四年第三種郵便物認可 10 CENTS

ENGLISH WOMEN RUSH TO POLLS FOR THEIR FIRST VOTES

Cast Ten Times As Many Ballots As Men In One Division

VOTING ORDERLY

Return Of Coalition Government To Power Regarded As Certain

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, December 15.—There was complete absence of disorder during the polling on Saturday, except for a slight scuffle between Sinn Féin supporters and Nationalists at Tipperary.

An astonishing feature everywhere was the eagerness of women to vote. The proportion of women to men in one London division was ten to one, while it is asserted that the proportion in Hammersmith was fifty to one.

London, December 14.—The polling opened in London at seven o'clock this morning in mild and muggy weather. Rain fell later. The polling during the early hours was very quiet but at many places women were notably prominent to exercise their new privilege without delay.

Lloyd George's Final Statement

Mr. Lloyd George, on the eve of the poll, issued a statement, in which he said that he wished to make it indisputably clear that he stood for the abolition of conscription of armies in all lands, otherwise the peace conference would be a failure and a sham. Any British delegate to the peace conference must labor towards this end.

Colonel Lucas, Unionist candidate for Kennington, died after nomination and his widow will stand in his place. Polling in Kennington has been postponed till December 20.

21,000,000 On Polling List

London, December 15.—The first election in which 21,000,000 votes will poll tomorrow, though described as the most momentous in modern times, is characterized by a curious lack of excitement almost amounting to apathy. This is notably the case in fact with the 8,000,000 new women voters, whose verdict no political prophet ventures to forecast.

That the Coalition will be victorious is a certainty. The only question is the size of its majority, the estimates of which vary from 180 to 130 members over all other parties, but it is asserted that the results of the canvass have made many candidates nervous regarding what were considered to be safe seats and at least two hundred seats are doubtful, including those returning prominent members of Parliament like Mr. Reginald McKenna, Liberal M. P. for North Monmouth; Mr. Arthur Henderson, Labor M. P. for Barnard Castle and Mr. T. J. MacNamara, Radical M. P. for North Camberwell and Parliamentary Secretary to the Admiralty; Sir Eric Geddes, M. P. for Cambridge and First Lord of the Admiralty; Sir Albert Stanley, M. P. for Ashton-under-Lyne and President of the Board of Trade; Mr. G. H. Roberts, Labor M. P. for Norwich and Minister of Labor; Mr. G. H. Barnes, Labor M. P. for Glasgow and Minister of Pensions; and Mr. Christopher Addison, Liberal M. P. for Hoxton.

Labor Expects Over 130 Seats

The Labor party is now more confident of securing more than the 130 seats which they originally estimated, while the Coalition party concede the Labor party not less than eighty seats. The Coalition papers emphasize that the sole issue is whether the Government which organized victory is to be returned to make peace and organize the reconstruction, to which the opposition press retort, "Vote for a free Parliament, free trade and no conscription."

Mr. Lloyd George winds up a vigorous campaign by speaking at Lambeth today. Mrs. Lloyd George has been working very hard touring remote hamlets in Wales, while Mr. Asquith and Mr. Bonar Law have been assisted by their daughters as

(Continued on Page 3)

Natives In African Colonies Want British Flag Retained, Says London White Book

Statements Made By Tribal Chiefs Ask To Be Freed From German Misrule And Atrocities And Threats Of Vengeance

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, December 11. (delayed in transmission).—Mr. Walter Long, Secretary of State for the Colonies, in a speech at Oxford giving reasons why the ex-German colonies should be retained by the British Empire, recalled the German atrocities upon natives, especially the disappearance of eighty percent of the Hereroes in Southwest Africa under German rule, and read a statement of five chiefs of Kwancha, in the Cameroons, saying that after their experience of German occupation and after two years of British occupation they wished to remain forever under the British flag and begged an assurance that the Germans would never be allowed to return to carry out the horrible threats of vengeance that they made when the British drove them out.

London, December 12.—A White Book has been published by the Colonial Office containing statements of native chiefs, previously read by Mr. Walter Long in his speech, of the Cameroons, also Samoa, Togoland, Southwest Africa and East Africa. These statements show that everywhere the natives hope to remain under British rule and express joy at such a prospect. In a few cases chiefs said they were afraid to say anything lest after all their land was restored to the Germans, who

had threatened them with what they would do when the war was over, but this fear failed to prevent a practically unanimous appeal for the retention of the British flag.

The contrast in the feeling of these natives towards the British and Germans is eloquently shown by the fact that British officials are able to go unescorted through regions which the Germans, owing to their cruelty, were unable to enter unless they were supported by an armed force. The atrocious horrors of German rule in Southwest Africa are already too well known to require repetition, but the same system of tyranny was found in other German colonies in a more or less degree. Thus in East Africa, in every district the first reason given by the natives for their preference for British rule was that they were no longer at the mercy of the German police, from whom they suffered extortion and maltreatment without any possibility of obtaining redress. Witnesses were frequently tortured and prisoners were so brutally ill-used that they died. But even in these cases no enquiry was made by the German authorities. The burden running through all statements of natives of Togoland and the Cameroons is hogging, hogging, especially in connection with forced labor on plantations.

FRICTION WITH BELGIUM DEBATED IN HOLLAND

Designs On Dutch Limburg Alleged In Discussion In Second Chamber

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

The Hague, December 14.—The Second Chamber debated at considerable length alleged Belgian designs on Dutch Limburg. The Premier said that the Government were convinced of the patriotism and determination of the inhabitants of Limburg. The Dutch people would maintain the territorial integrity of their country.

London, December 13.—In view of the recent passage of German troops and material through Limburg, Belgium is requesting Holland to grant facilities for forwarding war materials by the Scheldt to Antwerp.

FRENCH DEMOBILISATION BEGINS CHRISTMAS DAY

1,200,000 Men To Be Mustered Out, War Office Secretary Announces

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Paris, December 14.—In the Chamber of Deputies M. Deschamps, Under-Secretary for War, announced that demobilisation would begin on December 25. Altogether 1,200,000 men would be demobilised. He pointed out that there had been no demobilisation in Germany.

Paris, December 14.—The release of six classes of Territorial reservists will result in about 900,000 men being sent home, with the exception of about five of the youngest classes who are needed to hold German territory. The troops are likely to reach home at the end of March.

Lille Mothers Bring Action Against Kaiser

Charge It Was Under His Orders Young Girls Were Turned Over To Soldiers

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Paris, December 11.—A number of mothers of Lille have jointly initiated legal proceedings against the ex-Kaiser on the ground that it was under his orders that the German army leaders in April, 1916, forcibly carried off their daughters who were minors and subjected them to odious treatment, mixing them with prostitutes and distributing them among the German soldiery.

TROOPS' ARRIVAL CALMS FEAR IN GERMAN CAPITAL

Friction Continues Between Government And Soldiers' Council Over Form Of Legislature

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, December 13.—A telegram from Berlin states that differences between the Provisional Government and the Soldiers' Council continue. The latter opposes the summoning of a constituent assembly, to which the former is pledged. The presence of the Prussian Guards in Berlin has produced a calmer feeling. The entire German press, except the militarist newspapers, approve the meeting of the Reichstag on the ground that it is impossible to summon a constituent assembly within a fortnight, alleging that the Allies will occupy the whole of Germany unless order is maintained.

Copenhagen, December 14.—A message from Berlin states that the President of the Reichstag is preparing to summon the Reichstag. The President of the Reichstag has informed Deputies that they will be summoned to the Reichstag to meet but he reserves the right to fix place and time.

Amsterdam, December 11.—A message from Berlin states that it was in response to the desire of the soldiers that the Government agreed to the ceremonial entry of the troops into Berlin. Units from all German tribes were included among the troops, and a special department was established to arrange the affair. This appears to have been a significant political move to rekindle German patriotism and to reaffirm the solidarity of the Empire as a whole and possibly to overawe extremists.

Copenhagen, December 14.—A message from Munich states that Herr Eisner had lengthy official conferences with representatives of the Entente on the 10th at which the question of arriving at a separate agreement with Bavaria was discussed.

RUSSIA DEMANDS MONEY PLACED IN BERLIN BANK

Moscow Sends Message To German Government For Restoration Of 30,000,000 Marks

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Berne, December 14.—A wireless message from Moscow demands that the Berlin Government shall restore the sum of 30,000,000 marks, deposited by the Soviet Government with a Berlin bank.

Whadd'ye Mean "Honor Of The German People"?



—Darling in The New York Tribune

Proposal To Abandon Rule Of Bolsheviki Debated By Soviet

Lenin Favors It But Trotsky Opposes It And Wins By Close Vote

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Stockholm, December 15.—The Swedish Naval Attaché at Petrograd on his arrival here said that the Bolshevik leaders heatedly discussed the question of abandoning the entire Soviet regime. Lenin favored abandonment but Trotsky opposed such action. The latter secured a small majority in favor of holding out to the last.

A message from Kieff states that Den Cosacks defeated the Bolsheviks in a two days' battle at Novochoporsk, in the Government of Voronezh, taking 1,100 prisoners and capturing twenty-one guns.

PRESIDENT OF PORTUGAL ASSASSINATED IN LISBON

Senor Paiz Killed In Railway Station Setting Out For Oporto

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Peking, December 16.—The Portuguese Legation has received a telegram, announcing the assassination of President Paiz on the night of December 14 when he was entering the railway station to proceed to Oporto. In accordance with the terms of the Constitution, the Government has assumed the powers of the President and has taken measures necessary to prevent disorders.

Sidonio Paiz, assassinated President of Portugal, was Portuguese Minister to Berlin in 1914 when war broke out. It was largely through his efforts when he returned to Berlin that Portugal entered the war on the side of the Allies. The declaration followed a coup d'etat headed by him.

A meeting of the Portuguese colony of Shanghai has been called for this evening at 6:30 at 18 Nanking Road to pass resolutions of regret at the assassination.

Armistice Is Extended To Middle Of January

Allies Reserve Right To Occupy Neutral Zone On Right Of Rhine To Dutch Frontier

(French Wireless)

Paris, December 14.—(via Lyons and Koukaza). A message from Treves states that the Commission which met at Treves has decided to prolong the armistice to January 17. This extension will extend the armistice up to the conclusion of the preliminary treaty of peace, subject to the agreement of the Allied Governments.

Paris, December 15.—(via Lyons and Koukaza). The newspapers publish the text of the Convention which was signed yesterday morning at Treves in the saloon-car of Marshal Foch. It provides for the prolongation of the armistice for a month till January 17, 1919. The following clause has been added to the agreement signed on November 11:

"The High Command of the Allies reserve the right, from the present moment, if it is found necessary to secure new guarantees, to occupy the neutral zone on the right of the Rhine north of the bridgehead of Cologne as far as the Dutch frontier. This occupation will be announced by the High Command of the Allies, with six days' notice."

Paris, December 14.—L'Echo de Paris states that the Armistice Commission at Treves is not dissolving but will continue to regulate the relations between France and Germany until the preliminary peace conditions have been signed, after which a commission for the administration of the occupied territories will be appointed to which German representatives will be accredited.

Copenhagen, December 14.—A message from Treves states that the armistice has been extended until 5 a.m. on the 17th January and may be renewed after that date until the conclusion of the preliminary peace, subject to the consent of the Entente. The prolongation of the armistice stipulates that 2,500,000 tons of shipping lying in German ports must be placed under the control of the Allies to supply Germany with food supplies, the ships to remain German property.

The British have demanded the surrender of the battleship Baden instead of the uncompleted cruiser Mackensen. Herr Erzberger protested but the demand was withdrawn.

Herr Erzberger's demand regarding prisoners in East Africa will be examined by Marshal Foch and a reply given in a few days.

The Allied command reserves the right, if advisable in order to obtain fresh guarantees, to occupy the neutral zone on the right bank of the Rhine north of the Cologne bridgehead and up to the Dutch frontier.

British Aeroplane On Flight To India

Leaves Ipswich, With Crew Of Six, For Karachi And Delhi

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, December 14.—An aeroplane, with a crew of six, left Ipswich yesterday on a flight to Karachi and

VICTORY NOT ONLY AIM OF U.S. IN WAR, WILSON DECLARES

Purpose Was So To Win As To Ensure Future Peace

TALKS AT TIFFIN

Makes Response To Address Of Welcome By President Poincare

AWARE OF WRONG

Acknowledges That German Terrorism Should Also Meet Just Punishment

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Paris, December 14.—At the official dejeuner party given by Monsieur and Madame Poincare at the Palais de l'Elysee in honor of President Wilson, President Poincare said:

"Mr. President, Paris and France awaited you with impatience. They were eager to acclaim in you the illustrious democrat whose words and deeds were inspired by exalted thought, the philosopher delighting in the solution of universal laws from particular events, the eminent statesman who had found a way to express the highest political and moral truths in formulas which would bear the stamp of immortality."

"They had also a passionate desire to offer thanks, in your person, to the great Republic of which you are the chief, for the invaluable assistance which had been given spontaneously, during this war, to the defenders of right and liberty."

"Even before America had resolved to intervene in the struggle, she had shown to the wounded and the widows and orphans of France a solicitude and a generosity the memory of which will always be enshrined in our hearts. The liberality of your Red Cross, the countless gifts of your fellow citizens, the inspiring initiative of American women indicated your military and naval action, and showed the world to which side your sympathies inclined. And on the day when you flung yourselves into the battle, with what determination your great people and yourself prepared for united success."

America Helped Also Before War

"Some months ago you called to me that the United States would send ever increasing forces, until the day should be reached on which the Allied armies were able to submerge the enemy under an overwhelming flow of new divisions. And, in effect, for more than a year a steady stream of youth and energy has been poured out upon the shores of France. No sooner had they landed, than your gallant battalions, fired by their chief, General Pershing, flung themselves into the combat with such a manly contempt of danger, such a smiling disregard of death, that our longer experience of this terrible war often moved us to counsel prudence. They brought with them, in arriving here, the enthusiasm of crusaders leaving for the Holy Land. It is their right today to look with pride upon the work accomplished, and to tell themselves that they have powerfully aided by their courage and their faith."

Saw Horrors For Themselves

"Eager as they were to meet the enemy, they did not know when they arrived the enormity of his crimes. That they might know how the German armies make war, it has been necessary that they see towns systematically burnt down, mines flooded, factories reduced to ashes, orchards devastated, cathedrals shelled and fired—all that deliberate savagery aimed to destroy national wealth, nature and beauty, which the imagination could not conceive at a distance from the men and things that have endured it and today bear witness to it. In your turn, Mr. President, you will be able to measure with your own eyes the extent of these disasters, and the French Government will communicate to you the authentic documents in which the German General Staff develops with astounding cynicism

its program of pillage and industrial annihilation. Your noble conscience will pronounce a verdict on these facts.

Guilt Must Be Punished

"Should this guilt remain unpunished, could it be renewed, the most splendid victories would be in vain. Mr. President, France has struggled, has endured, and has suffered during four long years; she has bled at every vein; she has lost the best of her children; she mourns for her youth. She yearns now, even as you do, for a peace of justice and security. It was not that she might be exposed once again to aggression that she submitted to such sacrifices. Nor was it in order that criminals should go unpunished, that they might lift their heads again to make ready for new crimes, that, under your strong leadership, America armed herself and crossed the ocean. Faithful to the memory of Lafayette and Rochambeau, she came to the aid of France because France herself was faithful to her traditions. Our common ideal has triumphed. Together we have defended the vital principles of free nations. Now we must build together such a peace as will forbid the deliberate and hypocritical renewing of an organization aiming at conquest and oppression.

Safeguards For Peace

"Peace must make amends for the misery and the sadness of yesterday, and it must be a guarantee against the dangers of tomorrow. The association which has been formed for the purpose of war, between the United States and the Allies, and which contains the seed of the permanent institutions of which you have spoken so eloquently, will find, from this day forward, clear and profitable employment in the concerted search for equitable decisions, and in the mutual support which we need if we are to make our rights prevail.

"Whatever safeguards we may erect for the future no one, alas, can assert that we shall forever spare to mankind the horrors of new wars. A few years ago the progress of science and the state of civilization might have permitted the hope that no government, however autocratic, would have succeeded in hurling armed nations upon Belgium and Serbia. Without lending ourselves to the illusion that posterity will be forever more safe from these collective follies, we must introduce into the peace we are going to build all the conditions of justice and all the safeguards of duration that we can there embody. To such a vast and magnificent task, Mr. President, you have chosen to come and apply yourself in concert with France. France offers you her thanks. She knows the friendship of America. She knows your rectitude and elevation of spirit. It is in fullest confidence that she is ready to work with you.

President Wilson Replies

President Wilson replied to President Poincaré as follows: "Mr. President: I am deeply indebted to you for your gracious greeting. I am very delighted to find myself in France and to feel the quick contact of sympathy and unaffected friendship between the representatives of the United States and the representatives of France. You have been very generous in what you were pleased to say about myself, but I feel that what I have said, and what I have tried to do has been said and done only in an attempt to speak the thought of the people of the United States truly and to carry that thought out in action. From the first the thought of the people of the United States turned toward something more than the mere winning of this war. It turned to the establishment of eternal principles of right and justice. It realized that merely to win the war was not enough; that it must be won in a way and the questions raised by it settled in such a way as to insure the future peace of the world and lay the foundation for the freedom and happiness of its many peoples and nations.

"Never before has war worn so terrible a visage or exhibited more grossly the debasing influence of illicit ambitions. I am sure that I shall look upon the ruin wrought by the armies of the Central Empires with the same repulsion and deep indignation that they stir in the hearts of the men of France and Belgium, and I appreciate, as you do, the necessity of such action in the final settlement of the issues of the war as will only rebuke such action to terror and spoliation, but make men everywhere aware that they cannot be ventured upon without the certainty of just punishment. Troops Expressed American Ideals

"I know with what ardor and enthusiasm the soldiers and sailors of the United States have given the best that was in them to this war of redemption. They have expressed the true spirit of America. They believe their ideals to be acceptable to free peoples everywhere and are rejoiced to have played the part they have played in giving reality to those ideals in co-operation with the armies of the Allies. We are proud of the part they have played and we are happy that they should have been associated with such comrades in a common cause.

"It is with peculiar feelings, Mr. President, that I find myself in

France joining with you in rejoicing over the victory that has been won. The ties that bind France and the United States are peculiarly close. I do not know in what other comradeship we could have fought with more zest or enthusiasm. It will daily be a matter of pleasure with me to be brought into consultation with the statesmen of France and her Allies in considering the measures by which we may secure permanence for these happy relations of friendship and co-operation, and secure for the world at large such safety and freedom in its life as can be secured only by the constant association and co-operation of friends.

"I greet you, Mr. not only with deep personal respect but as the representative of the great people of France, and beg to bring you the greetings of another great people to whom the fortunes of France are of profound and lasting interest.

Socialist Delegation Addressed By Wilson

Paris, December 14.—The following is the text of a speech by President Wilson to a Socialist delegation on December 14:

"Gentlemen: I receive with great interest the address which you have just read to me. The war through which we have just passed has illustrated in a way which can never be forgotten the extraordinary wrongs which can be perpetrated by arbitrary and irresponsible power. It is not possible to secure the happiness and prosperity of the world, to establish an enduring peace unless the repetition of such wrongs is rendered impossible. This has indeed been a people's war. It has been waged against absolutism and militarism and these enemies of liberty must from this time forth be shut out from the possibility of working their cruel will upon mankind. In my judgment it is not sufficient to establish this principle. It is necessary that it should be supported by a co-operation of the nations which shall be based upon fixed and definitive covenants and which shall be made certain of effective action through the instrumentality of a League of Nations. I believe this to be the conviction of all thoughtful and liberal men. I am confident that this is the thought of those who lead your own great nation and I am looking forward with peculiar pleasure to co-operating with them in securing guarantees of a living peace of justice and right feeling which shall justify the sacrifices of this war and cause men to look back upon those sacrifices as upon the dramatic and final processes of their emancipation."

Receives Great Ovation

Paris, December 14.—President Wilson arrived in Paris this morning. Guns thundered a welcome and military bands played national airs. President Poincaré was the first to receive President Wilson who, when he appeared outside the Bois de Boulogne station with Madame Poincaré on his arm, was the recipient of a great ovation from a vast crowd.

President Wilson has accepted the King's invitation to visit London. Paris, December 14.—Although President Wilson's stay in France will last several weeks, it has been agreed that his official visit will last only forty-eight hours, from tomorrow until Monday. After Monday President Wilson will be relieved of the obligations of state etiquette and will be free like any ordinary citizen.

RECEIVED BY OFFICIALS

Paris, December 14.—(Via Lyons and Koukass). The President of the United States and Mrs. Wilson arrived on Saturday morning at the Bois de Boulogne railway station, where they were received by the President of the Republic and Madame Poincaré, the Presidents of the Senate and Chamber of Deputies and the members of the Government.

Greeted by the enthusiastic acclamations of the immense crowd which lined the whole route along which the official cortege proceeded, President Wilson proceeded to the residence of Prince Murat, where he will stay during his visit to Paris. At a luncheon given at the Elysee in honor of President and Mrs. Wilson, President Poincaré proposed a toast in which, after recalling the role of President Wilson, which Paris and France have hastened to acclaim, he paid homage to the young American army and declared that if the detestations committed by the German armies remain unpunished and it is possible for them to happen again, their most glorious victories will have been in vain. Then he proclaimed the triumph of the common ideal of France and the United States, who were determined to negotiate together a peace which will not permit again the direct or underhand reconstitution of organizations of conquest and oppression. President Poincaré concluded with these words:

"I drink to the prosperity of the United States, our great friend of yesterday and of former times."

President Wilson, speaking in reply, declared that he was pro-

foundly touched by the welcome he had received on his arrival in France, where he was happy to find himself for the celebration of the common victory. He rejoiced at the brotherhood in arms and the warmth and enthusiasm with which the French and American armies entered into the struggle and at its conclusion have made him the interpreter of the American people, for whom all that concerns France has a profound and perpetual interest.

Paris, December 15.—(Via Lyons and Koukass). A message from Brest states that the American squadron which accompanied President Wilson to Europe left Brest on Saturday afternoon, under the command of Admiral Mayo, on its return to New York. The S.S. George Washington remains at Brest.

CHINA PEACE PARLEY HITCHES OVER LOCATION

North Wants Nanking While South Holds Out For Shanghai

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Peking, December 16.—The question whether the Peace Conference between North and South will take place in Shanghai or Nanking continues to delay the settlement. The South adheres to its proposal that the conference be held in Shanghai and requires, also, to meet the North on equal terms, to which the North has not agreed. Neither side appears to realize the importance of securing peace prior to the European Peace Conference and that China will cut a sorry figure at Versailles if union is not secured beforehand.

French Naval Troops Are Landed At Odessa

Respond To Appeal To Free City Of Looting German And Bolshevik Forces

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, December 13.—A telegram from Odessa states that at the request of the inhabitants, the French have landed a naval detachment to restore order and to expel 4,500 German troops, who, together with Bolsheviks, have been riding and looting in this connection. Berlin announces that Odessa is being evacuated.

Gen. Crowder Urges Draft Be Permanent

Points Out Success Of System Whereby Nearly 3,000,000 Were In Field In 18 Months

(American Wireless To Reuter)

Washington, December 15.—(Received at French Wireless Station).—Provost Marshal General Crowder of the United States Army in an address to the retiring members of the Selective Service Boards earnestly advocated that the selective service system become permanent as the method of raising the American army. He declared that the selective service law had enabled the government during the war to register 5,740,000 Americans and put into the field nearly 3,000,000 fighting men and have 2,000,000 more in readiness to entrain on November 11 when the armistice was signed—all within the period of eighteen months. He said further that it would be a calamity for the United States to revert to the volunteer system in view of such a successful test of the selective system.

TANSAN

WILKINSON'S Natural TANSAN Water

Gladdens the Palate and Aids the Digestion

GANDE, PRICE & CO.

Sole Agents

TANSAN

WILKINSON'S Natural TANSAN Water

Gladdens the Palate and Aids the Digestion

GANDE, PRICE & CO.

Sole Agents

BRITISH AND AMERICANS PUT MEN ACROSS RHINE

Haig's Men Have Occupied Cologne Bridgehead And Pershing's Coblenz

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, December 13.—Field Marshal Haig reports: Our advanced troops yesterday crossed the Rhine and began the occupation of the Cologne bridgehead. By evening they had reached the general line, Oberkassel-Siegburg-Odenthal-Opfndet.

Cologne, December 13.—Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig has ordered the posting of a proclamation throughout the British army zone warning the inhabitants against using violence upon any member of the Army of Occupation, misbehaving of army stores or damaging public works under penalty of death, or other punishment. The most severe punishment will be inflicted on persons hiding German soldiers, civilians who disobey Field Marshal Haig's orders or who fail to disclose means of communication of the enemy.

London, December 14.—An American communiqué reports: We have crossed the Rhine and occupied the Coblenz bridgehead.

German Bohemian Towns Are Occupied By Czechs

Amsterdam, December 14.—A message from Vienna states that Czech-Slovakians have occupied the German Bohemian towns of Reichenberg, Trautenau and Gablonz.

CLYNES NOT DELEGATE TO PEACE CONFERENCE

British Food Controller Says He Cannot Confirm Report Of His Appointment

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, December 12.—Mr. J. R. Clynes, speaking at Nottingham today, expressed inability to confirm the statement that he is attending the Peace Conference, as stated in a previous cable.

Shakespeare makes Caesar say:

"The fault, dear Brutus, is not in our stars, but in ourselves, that we are underlings."

IT takes COURAGE and SELF-CONTROL for a man, especially a young man, to persist in laying away money each pay day, instead of spending it as he goes.

But it is this courage and willingness to DO WITHOUT the unnecessary things that would come between him and SYSTEMATIC SAVING that in the long run will tell the story.

Not in our stars, but IN OURSELVES! Have the SAND to SAVE! It is the only ROYAL ROAD.

Our Saving Department is ready to HELP YOU TO SUCCESS. BEGIN!

THE AMERICAN-ORIENTAL BANKING CORPORATION

15 NANKING ROAD

Ladies—Attention!

SILBERMAN'S

MEN'S OUTFITTING DEPARTMENT is where you can get your Father, Brother, Husband and Gentleman-Friend a very nice

'XMAS PRESENT

We are now showing a fine line of Cigar and Cigarette Cases, Tobacco Pouches, Pipes, Leather Pocket Wallets, Dressing Cases, Fancy Vests, Silk Socks, Nifty Ties, Golf Clubs, etc., etc., etc.

SILBERMAN'S—Opposite the Astor House

American Warships In Command At Pola

Squadron Arrives At Former Austrian Port; Allies To Free Sebastopol Of Germans

(French Wireless)

Paris, December 15.—(via Lyons and Koukass). A message from Laibach says that an American squadron under the command of an American Admiral has just arrived at Pola. All the Jugo-Slav warships have hoisted the American flag. The Americans have taken command at Pola.

Paris, December 15.—(via Lyons and Koukass). An English squadron consisting of three cruisers, three torpedo-boats and six submarines arrived off Reval on Thursday mid-day.

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Paris, December 13.—The French flotilla of gunboats and motor-launches which is going to the Rhine is to be divided into five groups.

Paris, December 13.—The Allied squadron in the Black Sea is undertaking to free Sebastopol from the Germans, who are co-operating with the Bolsheviks and causing grave disorders.

The squadron is also acting in response to an appeal of a deputation from Odessa, urging the French Admiral to intervene.

Japanese Cruiser At Constantinople

Paris, December 14.—The Japanese cruiser, Nisehim, flying the flag of Rear-Admiral Sato, with two torpedo-boats, arrived at Constantinople on December 6.

Amsterdam, December 14.—A message from Hamburg states that all interested British merchantmen in German ports will be assembled at Kiel, where they will be manned by German crews and will proceed to British ports.

Stockholm, December 14.—A message from Helsingfors states that a British squadron arrived at Reval on December 12.

Residences For Sale

Newly built modern houses for sale on terms to suit purchasers.

LAND FOR SALE

In all parts of Settlement suitable for MILLS, FACTORIES, RESIDENCES.

Central District Property For Sale

FOR INVESTMENT

We have for sale residential property, very attractive for investors.

Fire Insurance Motor Car Insurance

China Realty Co., Ltd.

Nanking and Kiangse Roads

Tel. N. 1590

Tel. N. 1590

How Much Pleasure Do You Get From the Cigarettes You Smoke?

If you buy Cigarettes for the pleasure you derive from smoking them, the supreme test must be the quality, in other words, the flavour and mildness.

It means that hundreds of smokers have tried the MELKONIAN Egyptian Cigarettes against other brands, and found them better in flavour and mildness.

That the Melkonian Egyptian Cigarettes have in less than a decade wrested the premier position from their opponents, is sure proof of their superiority.

Brands	Retail
Amon Re	\$3.00
Horus	\$2.50
Prince	\$2.00

Sole Agent for China

M. A. LOUBEH

Tel. North 1590: 31 Whangpoo Road

Also obtainable at: **I. Shainin & Co.**, 100 Szechuen Road

OUTPORT ORDERS ACCEPTED.

THOMAS W. SIMMONS & CO.

of San Francisco

IMPORTERS EXPORTERS

Are now located at

No. 10 THE BUND

Telephone: Central 3083

Cable Address: "SIMMONS"

THOMAS W. SIMMONS & CO.

of San Francisco

IMPORTERS EXPORTERS

Are now located at

No. 10 THE BUND

Telephone: Central 3083

Cable Address: "SIMMONS"

TAKE STEPS TO RESUME PARIS-BUDAPEST SERVICE

Allied Officers Negotiating With
Austrian Governments To Re-
establish Railway Connections

(French Wireless)

Paris, December 15.—(via Lyons and Roubaix). A message from Bernese states that, according to Budapest newspapers, an Allied delegation composed of English and Rumanian officers has entered into negotiations with the governments at Vienna and Budapest with a view to re-establishing as soon as possible a train-service between Bucharest and Paris, via Budapest and Vienna.

Last German Troops Are Leaving Finland

Not Even Instructions Of Enemy
Origin Will Be Allowed
To Remain

(French Wireless)

Paris, December 15.—(via Lyons and Roubaix). A message from Stockholm states that the last German troops, under the orders of their superior officers, will leave Finland on Monday. No German instructors are allowed to remain in the country.

Stockholm, December 14.—The Finnish Diet has elected General Mannerheim administrator of Finland. General Mannerheim is at present in London.

International Fair To Be Held At Lyons

German Products To Be Barred
From Exhibition Forever,
Says Mayor

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Paris, December 14.—The International Fair at Lyons will take place in March, 1919, at about the same time as peace will be declared. The deputy Mayor of Lyons said that the Fair was probably closed forever to exhibits of German arms. The exhibits of British manufacturers would be admitted next year without payment of duty.

Facilities Of France Offered Americans

French Government Proposes
To Open Agricultural Schools
To Men Of Army

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Paris, December 14.—The Commissioner-General for Franco-American affairs has telegraphed to the United States Secretary for War suggesting a scheme for placing French educational facilities for agriculture at the disposal of American officers and men during their sojourn in France. The Commissioner-General proposes to open the facilities in French agricultural and commercial colleges to American college men and to provide French lectures in various camps.

GIFT OF \$10,000 MADE TO ST. JOHN'S UNIVERSITY

Mrs. J. F. Seaman Makes Hand-
some Donation For Memorial
To Her Husband

A gift of \$10,000 has been made to St. John's University by Mrs. J. F. Seaman. This handsome donation has been made by Mrs. Seaman to be used in the erection of a permanent memorial to her husband, the late Mr. J. F. Seaman. What form the memorial will take is to be announced later.

The late Mr. Seaman was for over fifty years a prominent merchant in Shanghai and was senior partner in the firm of Wisner and Co. He always took an active interest in all movements toward the development of China and was a staunch supporter of all that made for progress.

English Women Cast First Votes

(Continued from Page 1)

speakers and canvassers. Mr. Asquith yesterday traveled 100 miles in East Fife and addressed seven meetings, at which he was severely heckled.

Coalition Party's Program
London, December 10.—The headquarters of the Coalition party states that the five points of the Premier's program are to punish the Kaiser, to make Germany pay, to let the soldiers come home as soon as possible, fair treatment for ex-soldiers and ex-sailors, better housing and better social conditions.

London, December 12.—Mr. A. Bonar Law, Chancellor of the Exchequer, speaking at Glasgow yesterday, foreshadowed his early retirement from the Chancellorship.

Chinese And Americans Have Meeting In Huchow

Bishop W. F. McMurry And Mr. R. T. Burge Are
Guests Of Honor At Club Gathering

China Press Correspondence

Huchow, December 12.—The most notable and interesting "get-together" affair ever held in this city took place yesterday afternoon in the large double parlors of Ivey Home of the Methodist Compound. It being a meeting of the Huchow Social and Literary Club. This organization, formed with the specific purpose of bringing the citizens of Huchow and the American community into more friendly relations, considered itself especially fortunate on this occasion in having the presence of two distinguished guests from America, namely Bishop W. F. McMurry of St. Louis, and Mr. R. T. Burge of Los Angeles, a special investigator for the American government. The city officials and many of the leading gentry and business men were present, as was also Mr. A. Loehr, Vice-Consul from Shanghai, and Rev. A. F. Uford of Shanghai.

After a half hour for social intercourse and refreshments several photos of Bishop McMurry, Mr. Burge, and the leading officials were taken. The president of the club, Mr. Ting of the provincial middle school, then called the meeting to order, making a few remarks, explaining for the invited guests the object of the organization, and then calling on Mr. Burge for an address. Mr. Burge took for his subject "Honesty as a Business Asset." Being himself a business man, the president of a steamship line and having other large business interests, he was able to give practical illustrations of the absolute necessity for honesty and confidence between men as the indispensable foundation for the building up of any large business enterprise. Mr. Burge is a very pleasing and forceful speaker and made a deep impression upon his audience. Concluding his remarks in felicitous phrases he introduced Bishop McMurry as one who from the humble beginning of an itinerant preacher, had steadily risen by force of character and ability until he had been given the highest honor within the gift of his church.

Bishop McMurry spoke upon "Service," saying that the great war had now once for all put an end to the ancient doctrine that the people exist for the exploitation of governments. Now, he said, as never before it is realized that governments have no other excuse for being than that of ministering to the welfare of the people. The individual must understand that he is an integral part of the government, that he is a

peer among peers. He must therefore take great pains to prepare himself for the duties of citizenship, and then working hand-in-hand with his fellow citizens labor for his country's good and the good of all men.

Bishop McMurry expressed the hope that China might develop into a position of power and influence in the East equal to that America had attained to the West, and that these two nations, bound together by common interests, might form an invincible barrier against any future menace to the world's peace. The bishop's remarks were listened to with much pleasure by the audience who expressed their feelings by frequent applause.

The Defense Commissioner, Mr. Hsia, and the Civil Magistrate, Mr. Wang, then made short addresses, expressing their approval of the words of the preceding speakers, and their pleasure at meeting these two representatives of the United States. They were followed by two speakers, Mr. Niu, president of the Chamber of Commerce, and Mr. Li, one of the leading silk merchants of the city. These two men took occasion to express their dissatisfaction with the present government of China, under which business is hampered and con-

fined within narrow limits, and many abuses are rife. They hoped that the time might soon come when China would secure a stable and progressive government, similar to that of the United States.

The fine speeches, the unanimity of feeling expressed by the large audience, the hearty response to the words of the speakers, the good fellowship of the social hour, all together will without doubt materially strengthen the cordial feeling already existing between the Americans and the Chinese of Huchow, and increase the regard of the Chinese for America and the principles for which she stands.

Mr. Burge is president of the Gulf Coast Fruit and Steamship Company of New Orleans, Galveston and Los Angeles, and member of the Southern Methodist Board of Missions. The officials of Huchow had a file of soldiers and police at the launch landing to meet him and escort him to the Hailau where he was to be entertained. Today the Commissioner of Defense and the Civil Magistrate gave a feast in his honor in the large hall of the Bankers' Guild. In addition to Mr. Burge, Bishop McMurry, and Vice-Consul Loehr, who were also guests in the city, several prominent Chinese, and the gentlemen of the Methodist Mission were also present.

After inspecting mission work in the city and making speeches in the schools and the American-Chinese Club, Mr. Burge with the other visitors left on the evening launch via Soochow for Shanghai, en route for Siberia.



Delicious Chocolates Creams

at
Sullivan's

Made fresh each day

Sullivan's Fine Candies

11 Nanking Road

GREAT BARGAINS

Fine 'Xmas Gifts
for Ladies

THE CATHAY LACE COMPANY

19 Nanking Road

20411

WALK-OVER SHOES

THE WELCOME GIFT

A Merry Xmas is assured every wearer of Walk-Over Shoes, because all that you can ask for in shoes, you find in Walk-Overs. They are practical because the wearer will enjoy perfect comfort all during the life of the shoes.

Come in and see our offerings and you will be convinced that Walk-Overs

are very acceptable
Christmas Gifts.

Have you seen the
nice assortment of
colored silk hosiery
that we just received.



Better come in while our stocks is at it's best.

WALK-OVER SHOE STORE

"THE STORE AHEAD"

24 NANKING ROAD

Let us fill your Xmas mail orders.

"DUC DE MONACO" Champagne

10 Years
in bottle

This is a Natural
Dry Champagne, of
Superb Quality, ten
years in bottle, just
the right age and
condition for drinking.

REIDS, LIMITED

WHOLESALE ONLY

Agents: Reid, Evans & Co.

or from

Caldbeck, Macgregor & Co.

The "Three Castles" Virginia Cigarettes

MAGNUMS

It's the same sweet
"Three Castles"
Virginia Cigarette you
have always smoked,
made in a larger size.

Ask for the
Magnum size

"The larger
Cigarette with
a Pedigree"



ORDER DIVIDENDS BE PAID TO FOUR ENEMY SUBJECTS

Applications For Remittances To German Prisoners Of War Granted In Supreme Court

Applications for the release of monies from the Enemy Dividends account for the relief of four enemy subjects, three of whom are prisoners of war in Japan, were granted yesterday by Sir Haviland de Sausmarez in the British Supreme Court.

The applications were made by Mr. A. G. Mossop, Acting Crown Advocate, on behalf of the British Minister, and concerned money held at the Hongkong and Shanghai Bank for the following: P. Berndt, Tls. 464.50; H. Steen, Tls. 30; W. Grunewich, Tls. 140; and T. P. W. Mannen, Tls. 207.26.

The first three mentioned, Mr. Mossop said, were prisoners of war in Japan and the last named is a resident of Mookanah who has a wife and three children and whose case had been gone into and approved by the Consul-General. The Acting Crown Advocate mentioned that the sums remitted to Japan monthly in accordance with previous applications amounted to Tls. 50 for an officer, Tls. 40 for a non-commissioned officer and Tls. 30 for a private. After the court had indicated that the applications would be granted, Mr. Mossop made a further application regarding the sum of Tls. 97.50 lying in the Chartered Bank to the credit of H. Steen. He stated that the necessity for the application arose from the fact that the company in which the prisoner had shares had transferred its payments to the Chartered Bank after making one payment to the Hongkong and Shanghai Bank.

Sir Haviland stated that he thought one application would be sufficient and in view of savings costs and to make matters more convenient, especially as applications of this nature were likely to become more frequent now that the war was over, he indicated that there should be one Enemy Dividends Account in China, however many banks or branches of banks might be carrying accounts.

UNION CHURCH CHILDREN ENJOY 'XMAS PROGRAM

Sunday School Pupils Take Part In Numbers Preceding Collection For Blind

A Christmas entertainment was given for the children of the Union Church Sunday School last evening in the Union Church Hall. Following the program a collection of toys and money was made for the children of the Chinese School for Blind. The sum raised was \$251.

Dr. J. Darroch acted as master of ceremonies and delivered the opening prayer. Remarks were made by Mr. Ronald Macdonald and Mr. C. L. Boynton.

The program included selections by the children of the Sunday School, recitations, a playlet by the children from the morning and afternoon schools, "Children of the Christmas Spirit," singing by the quartet and glee club from the Shanghai American School and a Scottish dance by children in Scottish costume. Miss Alma Woster delivered two recitations. The quartet from the American School was made up of Messrs. Glanque and Gill, Mrs. R. W. Rawlinson and Miss Adams. Mr. W. A. B. Leech, dressed as Santa Claus, took up the collection.

American Boy Scouts Name Their Officers

At a meeting of the Troop Committee of the newly organized American Boy Scout troop the following officers were elected: Consul General Thomas Sammons, president; J. C. Clark, Capt. S. A. Ransom, J. H. Black, Guy C. Stockton, R. W. Squires, vice-presidents; F. J. Raven, treasurer; Fred C. Simon, secretary.

Stamped Envelopes At U.S. Post Office

Three-cent stamped envelopes, sent to the United States Postal Agency at Vladivostok by mistake and forwarded to the American Post Office here, may be had in lots of 500 or 1,000. The price quoted is 0.42132 per thousand.

The local U.S. Postal Agency has also received a consignment of U.S. air-mail stamps for the New York-Chicago route. These are for sale at sixteen and twenty-four cents United States currency.



Small Tractor Hauls Huge British Planes Into Position



A small motor tractor hauling a huge British bomber plane from its hangar into flight position. These tractors were used in great numbers by the Royal Air Force. The plane is shown without its great wings, which are attached as soon as the machine is in position.

WOMAN'S CLUB TO GIVE CHILDREN'S PARTY TODAY

Youngsters To Enjoy Yuletide Program At Carlton, Gifts Also For Poor

A party for the children of the members and the annual donation of presents to the poor will be the program for the meeting of the American Woman's Club to be held at the Carlton Cafe this afternoon.

It is to be essentially "kiddies' day" at the meeting. At 4 p.m. refreshments will be served and at 5 the program of entertainment arranged by the Club's Social Committee will begin. There will be a Christmas tree and other arrangements to make the setting appropriate for a Santa Claus revel.

All members, as well as the youngsters, are asked to bring presents of clothing, toys and food which will be distributed after the meeting to various local charitable institutions.

The entertainment program for the children follows:

- The Sand Man Brahma, Miss McConnell.
- The Ostend Lasso Dance Folk Dances, American School Children.
- Magic Mr. L. L. The Braconies Leon.
- Reap the Flax Miss McConnell.
- Ace of Diamonds Folk Dances, American School Children.
- Distribution of candy stockings from tree.
- Games.

Unclaimed Telegrams

- Great Northern Telegraph Co. Nov. 16.—Mr. E. A. Johns, Hotel Astor, Hakone.
- Nov. 25.—Rd. 10 Ferme Victoria, Bulitschew, Irkutsk.
- Nov. 30.—Willis, care Chartered Bank, Yokohama.
- Dec. 5.—Busnell, Astor House, Tokio.
- Dec. 5.—Williams, American Consulate, Peking.
- Dec. 8.—Braun, Astor Road, Takino.
- Dec. 12.—Makawa Steward c/o Arabita Maru, Yokohama.
- Dec. 13.—Dalton, Harbor Master, Yokohama.

Two Sykora Concerts At Y.M.C.A. This Week

Two musical programs of interest to both Chinese and foreigners are those to be given by Mr. H. Sykora, noted violinist, in Murray Memorial Hall, Chinese Y.M.C.A. building, Thursday evening and Saturday afternoon. Mr. Sykora will be assisted by Miss Katherine Campbell, pianist, and the Shanghai Glee Club—Chinese—of forty voices under direction of Mr. H. G. Dowie, will sing. The more tuneful numbers, those which it is thought will have an especial appeal to Chinese auditors, have been selected in making up the program. Admission to the concerts will be \$1 for adults and 50 cents for students and children.

EXPRESSES OPTIMISM OVER BUSINESS FUTURE

Lord Inchcape Says, Coming Decade Will Be Era Of Immense Production

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, December 11.—An optimistic view of the prospects of the next decade, was taken by Lord Inchcape, speaking at the annual meeting of the Peninsula and Oriental Steam Navigation Company.

Dealing with the question of employment, Lord Inchcape, after emphasizing that there were vast opportunities in the Dominions, said that the coming decade would be one of immense production with a view to repairing the damage of the last four years, improving a permanent plan of trade and communications and resuming normal operations, which had been suspended by the war. It would be a decade in which we were more likely to see three jobs for one man than three men for one job.

We will buy your KODAK or sell you one in exchange
Burr : *Brooklyn*

CARE FOR THE SKIN

THE PUREST SAFEST AND BEST TOILET SOAPS ARE MANUFACTURED BY

VINOLIA CO., LTD.

THE POPULAR BRANDS: BORACIC & COLD CREAM; PREMIER; BABY; OTTO; are obtainable from the leading Chemists and Stores.

WHOLESALE AGENTS: LEVER BROTHERS (CHINA), LIMITED 3, Kiukiang Road, Shanghai.

INFLUENZA AMONG CREW STOPS SHIP'S VOYAGE

Japanese Cruiser Is Forced To Put In At Manila For Help

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Tokio, December 14.—Owing to influenza among the crew and the inadequacy of medical supplies, the Japanese cruiser, Yahagi, homeward bound from the South Pacific, was obliged to put in at Manila, where the American authorities gave very kind assistance. Commander Fumen, second in command of the cruiser, and twelve others died. The Akitushima has been ordered to proceed from Macao to Manila with medical supplies.

Malay States Give £6,462 To War Fund

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, December 1.—(Delayed in transmission). The newspapers appreciatively record the Malay States' further contribution of £6,462 to the King's fund for aid, making the total contribution of the Malay States nearly £25,000.

FOUCAULD BRANDY RUM LIQUORS
GOLD MEDAL PARIS 1889
GOLD MEDAL PARIS 1900
ESTD 1847 AT COGNAC-FRANCE

TROUBLE IN METZ

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Metz, December 12.—In the course of disturbances on the 7th the windows of some German shops were smashed and the goods looted. The French authorities are acting drastically against the offenders including Germans. The public use of the German language is prohibited after 10 p.m. and the French colors must be saluted in accordance with the custom prevailing in France.

Try Before You Buy

In our store at 100 Szechuen Road, we offer you the privilege of tasting any of our wines before buying. Their excellent quality, coupled with moderate prices, will surely please you.

Are You Paying More Than These Prices?

Port "OOO"	-\$0.70	per bottle
Port "VO"	- 1.25	" "
Sherry	- 1.00	" "
Burgundy Extra O. B.	- 1.00	" "
Malaga Superior	- 1.00	" "
Madeira Superior	- 1.00	" "
Marsala "Superior"	- 1.00	" "
Muscat "VO"	- 1.00	" "

Why should you?

If you give us a trial, you will be convinced that we give you better wines for less money!

I. SHAININ & CO.

100 Szechuen Road Corner Jinkee Road

Drink our Coffee—Famous for Flavor.

One pound free after you buy six.

LAOU KIU CHWANG & CO.

P. 128 Nanking Road, Shanghai

SILK, SATIN, CREPE, GAUZE, PONGEE, EMBROIDERY, FURS, LACE, ETC., ETC.

Drapers, Milliners, Outfitters and Haberdashers

Telephone: Central 3166

Branch at	Our Prices	Established in
Tientsin	are the lowest in Shanghai	1857

REAL MOTOR CAR SERVICE

is to be obtained at

THE EASTERN GARAGE THE TAR GARAGE
4 Soochow Road 125 Bubbling Well Road

'Phones: Central 1159 and 2711 'Phones: West 197 and 131

OUR HIRE CARS ARE THE BEST

We are agents for the

INTERSTATE, HUPMOBILE, CHANDLER, MAXWELL, PREMIER, AND MOON

Motors Cars, of which, in most cases, we carry stocks. We shall be pleased to give demonstrations from either garage. Ask us for prices and full information.

Spare Parts, Accessories, R.O.M. and FISK Tyres, and general supplies of all descriptions

THE SHANGHAI GARAGE CO.

SHANGHAI

LIQUIDATOR DEFENDS APPOINTMENT AND WORK

Mr. G. Passeri Testifies As To Activities In German Bank Winding-Up

The case of Mr. G. Passeri against the Bureau of Liquidation of the Deutsche-Asiatische Bank at Shanghai for remuneration for services as liquidator of the bank amounting to T\$213,003.92 and \$47,910.70 and liquidated damages for illegal dismissal amounting to half a million taels, was up for hearing yesterday in the Mixed Court. Evidence of the plaintiff was adduced and the case was adjourned till Friday, when an all-day session will take place in an attempt to finish.

The hearing was before Italian Assessor Ruo and Magistrate Yui. Mr. G. H. Wright conducted the case for the plaintiff, assisted by M. J. Kim Lemiere. Mr. G. D. Musso appeared for the Bureau of Liquidation of the Deutsche-Asiatische Bank. Mr. R. F. C. Master watched the case on behalf of Mr. Sun Han-chang, the Chinese liquidator of the bureau. A large number of Germans, who are defendants in the claim, filed by the bureau, were present in court.

The hearing opened with the testimony of a Chinese interpreter for the plaintiff in connection with several letters addressed by the plaintiff to Mr. Wang Ko-ming, ex-Governor of the Bank of China, when the plaintiff was appointed liquidator of the Bureau of Liquidation of the Deutsche-Asiatische Bank. Witness stated that Mr. Passeri was acting in the dual capacity of advisor to the Bank of China as well as liquidator.

The plaintiff was the only other witness examined. He introduced a letter written by himself to Mr. Wang Ko-ming, referring to his appointment. The message was dated September 15, 1918, and set forth the fact that the remuneration for the work would be paid by the Bank of China and that Mr. Passeri was to receive the regular salary he was receiving as advisor to the Bank of China without prejudice to any other claim that might arise out of the liquidation work.

Mr. Passeri said that his salary as advisor of the Bank of China was paid very irregularly. In fact for eight or nine months he could not draw his allowance. Sometimes he was paid with Peking notes which were redeemable at a 50 percent discount. He stated that Mr. Flege, the former German manager of the Deutsche-Asiatische Bank, however, was being paid T\$ 2,000 a month, together with allowance for expenses, living, quarters, heat and water which witness estimated to cost about T\$ 1,000.

Cross-examined by Mr. Musso, the witness denied that the Bureau was a department of the Bank of China. On March 4, 1918, he said, the Central Bureau of Liquidation received its establishment by a letter to the Shanghai Bureau. The former was established in the Bank of China for the sake of convenience, but later it was removed to the premises of the Ministry of Finance and had authority to use the seal of the Ministry of Finance. The removal took place on the day when Mr. Wang Ko-ming ceased to be governor of the Bank of China and when he became the Minister of Finance. Witness emphatically denied he was appointed by the Bank of China, which was alleged by the defendants as the liquidator of the German bank. He was appointed by Mr. Wang Ko-ming, he said, who happened to be the governor of the Bank of China.

Witness denied that Mr. Sun Han-chang acted as co-liquidator with him, but claimed that he was instrumental in collecting and bringing a credit over T\$ 3,000,000 to the Bureau. He denied that his work at all easy. He spent his mornings at the bureau, he said, and when he was out, he was working for the interest of the bureau. He further denied, as intimated by the defense, that he could not be found in his home when his services were required.

司公鏡眼益精國中

Refracting and Manufacturing



Crookes, Torics, AND Kryptoks

CHINESE OPTICAL CO. Corner of Nanking and Lloyd Roads

Peking Political Notes From Chinese Press

To make the Provincial Assembly, the Provincial Educational Association and Chambers of Commerce play the leading role in the coming peace conference between the North and the South is the new scheme conceived by the Tientsin peace advocates, including General Feng Kuo-chang, Mr. Wang Koming, Mr. Liang Shih-yi, Mr. Chu Chi-chien and Mr. Wang Yu-feng.

According to present plans, these institutions will jointly demand the dissolution of both the defunct and the Peking Parliaments and elect President Hsu Shih-chang as the Provisional President, the election to be confirmed as soon as the formal legislature is inaugurated. At the peace conference the joint body will demand the curtailment of troops on a huge scale and the abolition of the Tuchunship in the various provinces in order to govern them exclusively with civil administrations.

The Diplomatic Corps in Peking has decided to appoint representatives to watch the proceedings of the coming peace conference.

Both the Dutch and the Danish Ministers to Peking left the Capital Sunday night.

According to a cablegram from Dr. C. T. Wang, the Southern Embassy to the United States, President Wilson has endorsed the appointment of a peace delegate to the European Conference by the Canton Government.

Accusing General Tang Chi-yao of Yunnan of breaking the terms of the armistice, General Tiao K'un telegraphed Sunday to the Cabinet and demanded an immediate explanation of the action of the Yunnan Tuchun in stationing troops in East Szechuen.

He said that his colleagues, the Tuchuns, were very much displeased with the unreasonableness of Tang's move.

Mr. Liang Shih-yi has again tendered his resignation as the Speaker of the Senate.

News Briefs

Members and friends of the Men's Total Abstinence League will meet at the Carlton this afternoon to hear a lecture on "Alcohol and the Next Generation" by Dr. G. A. Huntley. Tea will be served from 5 to 5:30 p.m., the lecture following.

The Engineering Society of China met this afternoon when Mr. B. Webb will read a paper on "The Audion Detector and Amplifier."

American sailors will be hosts to their friends Christmas night at the Navy Young Men's Christian Association on Nanking Road.

The heavy Christmas mail, expected to arrive in Shanghai the day before Christmas, will not be in until December 28. Cables received by the local agency of the China Mail Steamship Company state that the Nanking, which carries the mail, left San Francisco five days late on December 5. The Nanking was scheduled to sail from San Francisco November 30.

The dinner to be given to members of the Tariff Revision Commissions, the Consular Body and local officials by Admiral Tsai Ting-kan has been postponed from Saturday night to Monday night.

Holders of shares of the Cathay Trust Company, Ltd., which is in liquidation have been notified that a fifth dividend of fifty tael cents per share has been declared. Dividends will be paid at the offices of the liquidators between ten o'clock and noon on and after December 22 at 10 Canton Road, offices of the liquidators. Liquidators' certificates must be presented for endorsement.

The hearing of the inquiry into the circumstances attending the sinking of the China Merchants' steamer Kiangkwan will be resumed

tomorrow afternoon at 2:30 o'clock at the Admiralty Court.

Among the passengers who arrived in Shanghai from Hongkong yesterday was Bishop F. R. Graves.

Hankow papers announce the death of Mrs. G. G. Warren, wife of the Rev. Warren of the Wesleyan Mission at Changsha on December 10. The deceased was a sister of the Rev. W. H. Watson of the same mission. She came out to China as a self-supporting missionary and was stationed at Wusueh for a considerable time.

The Military Cross has been conferred on Mr. M. Boniface of the East Surrey Regiment, formerly of Shanghai and Tientsin, it is learned. Mr. Boniface left for the front at the outbreak of the war and has served in Salonika, Mesopotamia, Egypt and France.

Sklarevski Tonight

Alexander Sklarevski, Russian pianist, will give his first concert in Shanghai at the Astor House tonight. Prophecy is safe in his case; it can therefore be said in advance that he will be adjudged by those who hear him tonight an artist of the highest accomplishment. Mr. Sklarevski is a gold medalist of the Petrograd Academy and he has already won in his own country the recognition which he will have when he has been heard here.

Mr. Sklarevski has arranged an interesting program for this evening, with both "classical" compositions and unfamiliar works refreshing for that reason. Of the former there will be Chopin's Ballade in F-minor, op. 52, Etude C-sharp minor, op. 25, No. 7, and Polonaise A-flat major, op. 53. Of the latter there is Debussy's colorful "The Jolly Island," a thing of vigor, movement and picturesqueness. There is also the "Antique minuet, D-flat major" by Spanghetti, after the manner of the old Italian composers; and, too, a charming bit by Balakirev, "The Sky Lark." Of interest to those who like old English music is "The King's Hunting Jig," a composition of the sixteenth century. The program in full follows:

Theme with Variations, op. 72, F-sharp minor—Glasunov.
In the Convent, C-sharp minor—Borodine.
Impromptu, B-flat minor, op. 12, No. 2—Schubert.
The Sky Lark, B-flat minor—Balakirev.
Valse Caprice, E-flat major—Rubinstein.
The King's Hunting Jig, G-major—John Bull (1563-1628).
Antique minuet, D-flat major—Spanghetti.
The Jolly Island, A-major—Debussy.
(a.) Ballade, F-minor, op. 52.
(b.) Etude, C-sharp minor, op. 25, No. 7.
(c.) Waltz, A-flat major, op. 42.
(d.) Polonaise A-flat major, op. 53—Chopin.

Pratt's "Work of Wall St." revised edition, has long been THE standard authority on America's World financial district. It is indispensable to the student, business man or banker who is studying questions related in any way to American finance.

General Agents D. Appleton & Co. in China. CHINESE AMERICAN PUB. Co., 26 Canton Road, Shanghai



Patton Paint Company

NEWARK, N.J.

Progress In Siberia Against Bolsheviki

Successful Military Operations Under Way But Political Situation Remains Obscure

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Vladivostok, December 15.—The political situation in Siberia continues obscure. Attaman Semenov maintains an attitude of uncompromising hostility towards Admiral Kolchak. The latest news from Omsk shows that during the past fortnight considerable progress has been made against the Bolsheviki. Serious operations are now in progress which if successful will force the Bolsheviki to retire from the Urals towards the Volga. Czechoslovaks and Siberian contingents are already in contact with General Dutov.

According to the local press, the advent of Russian prisoners of war from Germany may modify the situation in Russia disadvantageously for the Bolsheviki. It is reported here today that a body of these prisoners overcame Bolsheviki elements at Penza and occupied the town.

Harbin, December 14.—It is reported from Chita that owing to Attaman Semenov consenting to acknowledge Admiral Kolchak and the latter's Cabinet and to give up his post to General Volkoff, rifles and machine-guns have been returned to General Volkoff's detachment, which was previously disarmed by the Japanese in order to avoid conflict.

CAPTAIN BARRETT WINS B'LLIARDS SEMI-FINAL

Defeats Mr. E. D. Bush 600-578 In One Of Closest Games Ever Played Here

In an unusually close billiard match that has ever played here, Capt. E. L. M. Barrett defeated E. D. Bush last night at the American Club in a semi-final of the championship series by the score of 600-578. The game lasted three hours. A second semi-final will be played at the

Shanghai Club tonight at nine o'clock when H. B. Smythe plays T. Harborne. The winner will meet Captain Barrett for the Settlement championship.

Last night's match was nip and tuck all the way after the 250 mark was passed, the men being tied at 264 sensational shots by both players were scattered throughout the match. Both made runs of 47, the highest of the night.

Bush jumped to a big lead 82-28 but a run of 37 a few innings later brought Barrett to 78 when Bush hit 92. Barrett reached the latter figure when Bush passed his first century, 102. When Barrett went by the first hundred at 104, Bush had netted 168, a run of 47 giving him the big lead.

They were even at 264 and although Barrett ran 47, the score after the third hundred was: Barrett, 308; Bush, 295. When Barrett had scored 354, Bush was but three ahead and at the fourth lap the score stood: Barrett, 402; Bush, 399.

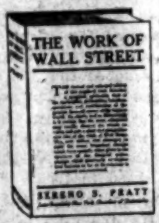
After see-sawing through the century Bush led 503-493 as they entered the home stretch. With his score one shy of 500, Barrett ran forty, giving him a lead which he held to the finish.

Bush was seven behind when Barrett had 460, six behind at 460, 15 behind at 575 and was ten to the rear when Barrett hung up his 586 mark. Barrett made nine while Bush scored two and the winner went out from 594.

GUARD THE BABY AGAINST COLDS

To guard the baby or young child against colds nothing is so equal as Baby's Own Tablets. The Canadian children remedy. These Tablets are a mild laxative which will keep the little one's stomach and bowels working regularly. It's a recognized fact that when the stomach and bowels are in good order colds will not exist; that the health of the little one will be good, and that he will thrive and be happy.

Baby's Own Tablets also cure vomiting, feverishness, indigestion, and expel worms. They make teething easy; are guaranteed to be free from opiates and perfectly harmless. Sold by chemists, or by mail at 60 cents the vial from the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., 96 Szechuen Road, Shanghai.



Pratt's "Work of Wall St." revised edition, has long been THE standard authority on America's World financial district. It is indispensable to the student, business man or banker who is studying questions related in any way to American finance.

Max. \$3.00

TWO STANDARD BUSINESS BOOKS

D. Appleton & Co. were one of the first to recognise the great need for business books. As the result the Appleton Business line is not only probably the foremost of its kind but standard. Write for our Business Books Catalog.

THESE ARE APPLETON BOOKS



System's "Retail Selling and Store Management" is a mine of information regarding important activities of the retail establishment, and the practices and policies found to be most successful. A book for employer and employee alike.

Max. \$2.25

General Agents D. Appleton & Co. in China. CHINESE AMERICAN PUB. Co., 26 Canton Road, Shanghai

"Kavkas Mercury & Vostochnoe" Ltd.

WAREHOUSING, INSURANCE AND TRANSPORT OF GOODS WITH ADVANCES.

Established 1840.

HEAD OFFICE IN PETEROGRAD

FOREMOST Russian Steamship Company. Owners of over 300 Cargo and Passenger steamers, plying on the Vols, Kama, Oka, Kura and Caspian Sea.

Inclusive through transport rates quoted and through Bills of Lading issued to all parts of the world.

SPECIAL FACILITIES GRANTED FOR SHIPMENTS TO AND FROM RUSSIA. Marine and War Insurance risk covered on first class policies at lowest current rates.

Charges and Invoices collected through our Branches and Agencies. BRANCH OFFICES AND WAREHOUSES IN ALL RUSSIAN TOWNS OF IMPORTANCE. Also in Great Britain, France, Italy and United States of America.

M. A. MORDUCOVITCH, Manager, 1 The Bund,

Telephone No. 1478.

Let This Christmas Be One Of Cheer, But Not Extravagance.

It is just as important, NOW AS EVER, to be sure you are buying the Best Goods at the Lowest Price. There is only one Store where you can do this, and that Store naturally is

SINCERE CO. (Shanghai), LTD.

(THE WHITELEY of the EAST)

BRITISH TYRES FOR BRITISH CAR OWNERS

BUY THE TYRE THAT WILL PROVE QUALITY OF SERVICE

R. O. M. TYRES

Stocked by SHANGHAI GARAGE CO. SHANGHAI Sole Agents

AS SUPPLIED TO H. M. WAR OFFICE



We must be certain that the Peace Conference will make it one of its first duties to render impossible an indefinite continuation of the present conditions in Russia. From time to time, President Wilson has voiced the sentiment of mankind by laying stress on the need of replacing tyranny that masquerades in Russia in the guise of democracy. We have not the slightest doubt that he will throw the full weight of his influence on the side of justice and order for Russia. The Bolsheviks are steadily alienating the world from themselves. Norway has already severed relations with them and Denmark is reported to be contemplating the same step. As regards Sweden, we have the statement of the *Dagens Nyheter* that negotiations are proceeding in Stockholm with a view to the establishment of a new Government in Russia immediately the Bolsheviks are overthrown. These things clearly show that neutral states are realising the need of seeing eye to eye with the Allies, who are now controlling Odessa and whose squadron in the Black Sea is undertaking to free Sebastopol from the Germans, who are co-operating with the Bolsheviks and causing grave disorders.

With the extinction of German influence in Russia, Bolshevism itself must disappear. The Bolsheviks, whatever their creed in the beginning, have forgotten it and fallen from grace. At the coming Peace Conference, the death-knell of many evils and injustices from which the world has suffered, will be sounded by Bolshevism among them. It has no chance to live. Humanity has declared war on Bolshevism.

May 21, 1915.

My Dear Sir:

Your visit of yesterday pleased me the more since it showed me that we have many opinions in common, in spite of the difference of our party-view points. In one thing I believe we agree, and that is the conviction, that as long as the country is fighting for its existence it would be disastrous to bring disunion among the German people, and to weaken our force of resistance, through criticism of our policies. Whether or not the policy which preceded the world war deserves the approval of all political parties is a question whose public discussion must be left to a later period. Just now it seems to me to be the highest duty of all political parties to support the government in the interest of the common cause, and not to shake the confidence of the masses in the government.

With sincere esteem,
Yours,
LICHNOWSKY.

"As a matter of fact at that time I had already reached a different opinion and held that a split was

commitment that he was at its disposal for any further details it wished. As the Prussian Lords had apparently been satisfied with the information they got out the Prince Bernstein's efforts on his behalf had but little weight. Muel's sarcastic comment in the Socialist general press accompanied the announcement of a trial in the Federal Court by the representatives of the Junkers, while the Conservative organs generally voiced considerable doubts as to the wisdom of such a criminal proceeding and insisted that him some time before be pressed to a successful conclusion. No news had been received from Germany indicating that the trial had been postponed, and there have been reports of his having been allowed to go into temporary exile in Switzerland.

The Kolnische Volkszeitung of Aug. 5, did not add much to the front page to denouncing the edition of the Prince's London memoirs put out in Germany by the Orell Fuess Company, but it did point out that the professor O. Nippold, German Literature living in Switzerland, and lamenting the fact that an anti-Lachnowski pamphlet issued in Berlin under the name of the Prince's memoirs had not been intended for circulation in the Alpine republic, had been very poorly done and was not calculated to have the

Most hand work involves head work; but the aristocratic onlooker has been too prone to regard the workman vaguely as a ruffian and rioter; as a man throwing bricks rather than laying them.

It is true that there are limits to the analogy and even to the argument. It is tenable that the master may know no more how to lay bricks than how to lay eggs. And it is still tenable that the eggs should come.

the name of that street."
"That's Grand street."

Inexpert

"There's a man planting potatoes," said Farmer Corntassel, "when he ought to be playin' golf."
"You don't approve of garden-
ing?"
"Yes, I do. But if he'd go ahead and play golf he wouldn't be spoilin' good potatoes that somebody could use."

- - SHOWROOM - - - 29, Nanking Road
 GENERAL OFFICE - - 5, Tibet Road

Anyway, Mr. Lu Cheng-hsiang Has Had An Exciting Time

(From Our Own Correspondent)

Peking, December 12.—Some years ago in a witty publication called "Whom While You Wait," Mr. K. Chesterton was challenged by the authors to write an article on the Hsian-tsin Empire, on Aerated Bread. Mr. Chesterton took up the challenge and, the Saturday after the book was published, he published in a London newspaper a characteristic *tour de force* with the requisite title. He began by describing the Hsian-tsin Empire, went on to discuss the distinguishing features of Hsian-tsin architecture, from that he traced the Hsian-tsin influence in literature, and then traced the Hsian-tsin influence in many forms down to our own time, every department of life; and it was no trouble to him to show that aerated bread, with testostones and other curies, would not, could not, have existed without a lineage in Hsian-tsin.

Something of the same sort of thing, according to Japanese information, seems to have happened recently in Japan. Mr. Chesterton started with two things, Hsian-tsin and aerated bread. Those responsible for the highly imaginative accounts of Mr. Lu Cheng-hsiang's experiences in Japan have had an equal paucity of hard fact on which to work. The actual facts are two: that Mr. Lu did not go direct to Tokyo, and that Mr. Chang, the Chinese Minister to Tokyo, is said to have resigned. According to many published accounts, there was a connection between the two. It was certainly definitely stated in official circles here a few days ago that Mr. Lu's illness was of a diplomatic character, that his refusal to go to Tokyo was so that he might not have to fulfil certain engagements there that the Chinese Minister had arranged for him, and that Mr. Chang, the Minister, had been so put about that he had resigned to mark the displeasure with which he regarded Mr. Lu's obstinacy. It seems that all this is quite incorrect. It is true that Mr. Lu stayed in Yokohama on account of illness, and it is true that it is reported that Mr. Chang has resigned, though it is not known to be true that he has resigned.

Again, Mr. Lu's stay at Yokohama is attributed to a diplomatic illness invented to prevent the necessity of a call upon Mr. Obata, Mr. Lu and Mr. Obata, it will be remembered, were the two protagonists in the famous passage at arms in 1915, and it has been reported that Mr. Lu had no desire to renew the acquaintance of an old antagonist. It is also reported that Mr. Obata had determined to see Mr. Lu. Well, there was nothing to prevent Mr. Obata taking a train from Tokyo to Yokohama and going to see Mr. Lu. He might have been refused admission, but there is no record even of his trying to see Mr. Lu.

Then, there is the story of the loss of Mr. Lu's documents. Or rather there are several stories. One is that he lost them at Mukden, another is that he lost them at Antung, another that he lost them near Seoul, another that he lost them at Fusan, and another that he lost them on the steamer before arriving at Yokohama, and another that he lost them at Yokohama, they having been stolen there by some thief that stole some documents, or tried to steal some from the bedroom of General Hsu Shu-cheng. It is known that it was the same thief, for Mr. Lu recognized him, though it is not explained how Mr. Lu happens to have such a thorough acquaintance with a gentleman of that kind. Against all these stories is to be set the fact that Mr. Lu has not reported the loss of any documents.

It is interesting to have one or two other facts to set against this bold attempt to rival Mr. Chesterton's famous essay. On the way through Manchuria it was intensely cold, and Mr. Lu's chronic gout or rheumatism was greatly accentuated, so that from Antung southwards he kept to his berth. At one of the intermediate stations Madame Lu was passing from one railway carriage to another when she slipped and fell on the rails. Fortunately she was not hurt very much, but before she could be extricated from her awkward position the news of her accident had reached Mr. Lu in Yokohama, but was still so ill when he reached there that he delayed some days before proceeding to Tokyo.

Whether Mr. Chang, the Chinese Minister to Tokyo, has resigned or not is not definitely known.

Norway's Relations With Russia Broken

Announcement Made Christiania Will Have Nothing To Do With Bolshevik Government

(French Wireless)
Paris, December 15.—(via Lyons and Roubaix). A message from Christiania states that the rupture of relations between the Norwegian Government and the Bolshevik Government seems to be an accomplished fact. The press announcement with satisfaction that the staff of the Legation is leaving Petrograd.

Le Temps declares that Norway could not tolerate the Bolshevik propaganda and that the Soviet Government has excluded itself from European civilization.

Those Who Have Key To Stable Needn't Break Any Doors

(Reuter's Pacific Service)
Peking, December 15.—In connection with the alleged loss of Lu Cheng-hsiang's documents while he was en route to Yokohama, it is humorously reported that when asked whether this was true a member of the Japanese Legation replied, "It is not true. It was not necessary, as we had copies before the mission left Peking."

Obata Leaves Japan For Peking Today

(Reuter's Pacific Service)
Tokyo, December 14.—Mr. Obata, the new Japanese Minister to China, will leave for Peking on December 17.

Admiral Rodgers In Vladivostok Soon

(Reuter's Pacific Service)
Peking, December 16.—Admiral Rodgers, who has succeeded Admiral Knight as commander of the United States Far Eastern Squadron, will arrive at Vladivostok on board the Brooklyn on December 22.

BRITISH COTTON STRIKE PRACTICALLY SETTLED

Basis For Agreement Reached At Lloyd George's Conference With Spinners

(Reuter's Agency War Service)
London, December 12.—As the result of a conference in London between Mr. Lloyd George and the representatives of the Cotton Spinners a basis for the settlement of the cotton strike was reached. The Court of Arbitration has awarded the Lancashire weavers a fifty percent increase on the standard piece price list.

New Smelting Works Operating In Pootung

Ho Hsin Company, Capitalised At Tls. 500,000, Begins Output

The Ho Hsin Iron Smelting Works, a new smelting plant located in Chowkado, Pootung, has started operation. It is capitalised for Tls. 500,000 and aims to become one of the leading steel works in China. At present the construction is only half completed and only the smelting department has started work. The daily output is ten tons of pig-iron. As soon as the new boiler is completed, the figure will be raised to 40.

The managing-director is Mr. Lu Pei-hung, who is also the manager of the Nantao Tramway Co. The plant is supervised by one foreign superintendent, three Chinese foreign educated engineers and one chemist. About 300 laborers are employed. The raw material is obtained in Wuhu, while the finished products are being sold in China and Japan.

German Bank Claims To Be Heard Today

Suits Against Enemy Consulate And Club Come Up In Mixed Court

The claims against the German Consulate and the Club Concordia, together with others which have been filed against German firms and individuals by the Bureau of Liquidation of the Deutsche-Asiatische Bank, will come up for hearing this morning before British Assessor Grant Jones and Magistrate Yui in the Mixed Court. Other claims will be heard by Italian Assessor Rob and Magistrate Kwan this afternoon.

KRISEL CASE NEXT MONDAY

The hearing in the case of Mr. Alexander Krisel, American lawyer against whom disbarment proceedings have been brought, will take place next Monday morning in the United States Court for China before Judge Charles S. Lobingier.



Smiles from the Mixed Court



The Sergeant at the Police Station reached up and slicked down his pompadour which during the past few minutes had slowly arisen and now stood upright upon his tingling scalp. He leaned further over the desk, his fascinated eye fastened upon Yui Yau-ling.

"Yes," went on Yui, "he murdered her—his own wife and my mistress. None knew of it but he and me. But the body had to be disposed of. He ordered me to see that this was done. I was to put it in a box and carry it to an old dog mill on the Gordon Road. Within the mill premises, he described to me, there was an obscure, unfrequented spot where the box could be buried safely. I am a dutiful servant and I did as my master ordered. But it was a wrong and foolish deed which my master has done and something whispers to me in the night that my murdered mistress lies beneath the deserted mill floor and her spirit cries that the dead should not go unpunished. So I come to tell you of it."

The sergeant, still on his feet and piloted by Yui, started for Gordon Road. Finally the guide paused before a gray doorway and turned within. The officer followed, troubled again with that uneasy sensation 'neath the hat crowd as Yui led the way to the spot where he had interred his ghastly consignment.

Then came the first snarl in the skein of crime. The spot could not be located. Neither could the policeman find a place anywhere in the mill where anything could have been buried. He took another tack. Accompanied by Yui he sought and discovered the alleged slayer. Bendin, a keen scrutiny on his man, as they say in the detective yarns, he placed the frightful charge. The man started—to smile. Confronting the smile he regarded Yui and gently tapped the side of his head.

"Natty," he said, and invited an investigation.

Yesterday in the Mixed Court they placed Yui in the hands of experts and it seems likely that his former master's diagnosis will be upheld.

WOULD GIVE CHINA BACK STOLEN INSTRUMENTS

Proposal Made Loot Taken By Germany In Boxer Rising Be Restored

(Reuter's Agency War Service)
London, December 12.—At a meeting of the Central Asian Society, Colonel Pemberton endorsed the suggestion of Colonel C. E. Yate that the peace terms should include the restoration to China of the famous astronomical instruments, taken from Peking to Berlin in 1900. General Sir Edmund Barlow, president, who was Chief of Staff of the British forces in the Boxer Expedition, said that the British and American commanders very strongly protested against the distribution of these instruments. There were heated discussions, and two or three powers, notably Germany, disagreed with the British and American proposal to leave the instruments in Peking. He entirely agreed that the Germans should be compelled to restore those beautiful evidences of the antiquity and range of Chinese civilisation to their proper place on the walls of Peking.

Mail Notices

MAILS CLOSE
For Japan:
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Tshima M. Dec. 17
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Yawata M. Dec. 20
For U.S. Canada and Europe:
Per T.K.K. s.s. Shinyo M. Dec. 21
Per C.P.O.S. s.s. Montague Dec. 27

TRUSCON STEEL BUILDING PRODUCTS



Sailors' War Orphans' Fund				
Under the auspices of the Navy League and the British and Foreign Sailors' Society.				
Subscription List No. 115				
Barbara, Lancy, Doris, Dorothy, Tia Irene, Beatty, Bala of Work by Miss School Girls at No. 13 Tamsing Road.	200.32	200.32	12,294	18 0
Previously acknowledged	34,000.31	69,160.05	12,294	18 0
Remitted to London	34,000.31	69,350.37	12,294	18 0
	33,700.31	65,200.05	12,294	18 0
Tls.	200.00	\$4,150.82	£	—

Shanghai, December 16, 1918. Honorary Secretary and Treasurer.

Sicawei Calendar

The average hourly temperature observed at the Sicawei Observatory during the period from 1879 to 1918 and a table of average diurnal range during the same period is published in the annual calendar issued by the Jesuit Fathers in charge of the observatory at Sicawei.

The compact volume contains calendars, Chinese holidays for 1919, signs of the zodiac, tables giving the times for sunrise and sunset, the rising and setting of the moon; dates of eclipses, astronomical phenomena to be observed in Shanghai during 1919, and other tables and forecasts.

The appendix includes several maps showing the positions of the stars during each month of 1919 and maps with other astronomical information and many tables. Instructions and precautions for various diseases, printed in Chinese, are also included in the volume which is for sale at two dollars.

British Airmen's Part In Defeating U-Boats

(Reuter's Agency War Service)
London, December 14.—The activities of the Royal Air Force against submarines and in home coast patrol during the last seven months of the war included the sighting of 216 hostile submarines, of which 189 were attacked, 251 hostile aircraft were attacked, of which 184 were destroyed.

NOTICE

We beg to announce that we are making a reduction of 50 per cent. upon all stock in our fancy goods department, comprising Silverware, bronzes, clocks, porcelain vases and statues, cut glass, electro plate, electric lamps, etc.

In our Jewellery department, we have just received the latest novelties from Paris

Very Suitable for Christmas Presents which will be sold at low prices.

SENNET FRERES

32A NANKING ROAD. 20281

In the Home, the Store, the Factory Electricity.

Means Efficiency.

And Efficiency means reduced expense and increased profits.

Particulars of Electricity rates, etc. may be obtained from the:—

MUNICIPAL ELECTRICITY DEPARTMENT

SHOWROOMS: 471-2 NANKING ROAD. TEL. CENTRAL 2060.

KAHN SYSTEM OF FIREPROOF CONSTRUCTION

With two outstanding features of excellence:

- (1) Prompt and intelligent service by capable engineers in every part of the world.
- (2) The best products obtainable, developed by men who know. Stocks available in Shanghai.

RIB BARS EXPANDED RIB METAL PRESSED STEEL BEAMS
RIB LATH HY RIB MARONNY PAINTS
TRUSCON WATER PROOFING PASTE

We invite consultation and co-operation
Specialized Engineering Service Will Reduce Construction Costs

TRUSCON STEEL CO. of U.S.A.
AMERICAN TRADING CO., Agents, 53 Szechuen Rd., S'hai

SCIENTIFIC EYE TESTING

Refraction and Manufacturing
TORIC LENSES
Accurate lens grinding. Sun Glasses and Goggles.

THE NATIONAL OPTICAL CO.
89 Nanking Rd.—Tel. Cent. 1942
(Two doors above Honan Rd.)

Stylish!
Comfortable!

龍飛 The Shanghai Horse Bazaar and Motor Co., Ltd. 龍飛

(Established 1881)

SOLE AGENTS FOR:

Automobiles Berliet, Lyón.....Berliet Cars
The Studebaker Corporation of America.....Studebaker Cars
F. B. Stearns Co., Cleveland, O. Stearns-Knight Cars
Scripps-Booth Corporation, Detroit.....Scripps-Booth Cars
Fabbrica Italiana Automobili Torino.....Fiat Cars

Receives regular monthly shipments of the above-mentioned cars, with the exception of Berliet and Fiat cars which cannot be shipped during the duration of the War.

ALSO SOLE AGENTS FOR

The Prest-O-Lite Co., Indianapolis...Storage batteries
Stewart-Warner Speedometer Corp. Chicago.....Stewart produce

Large stock of all kinds of motor accessories and supplies

龍飛 All kinds of Automobile repairs undertaken 龍飛

Owners of the largest and best equipped
COACH-BUILDING WORKS
in the Far East
which designs and constructs all types of bodies, from commercial vans to luxurious pleasure cars.
Estimates prepared free of charge

TELEPHONES:
General Office No. 1248. Garage Nos. West 1202, and West 1213

Oliver Typewriter

Since War broke out
10,000
Oliver
Typewriters
have been bought by
H. B. M. Government
for military purposes

Oliver Typewriter Agency: 1, Foochow Road.

Always "AT THE FRONT" IN PEACE AND IN WAR

Try Dai Nippon Brewery's NEW TSINGTAO BEER

TSINGTAO BEER

Business and Official
Notices

(Second Section)

THE CHINA PRESS

報 陸 大

SHANGHAI, TUESDAY, DECEMBER 17, 1918

Classified Advertisements

2 cents a Word (Minimum Charge 40 cents)

All Advertisements must
be prepaid

Replies must be
called for

INTERNATIONAL SAVINGS SOCIETY

Head Office: 5 Avenue Edouard VII,
Shanghai.

12th Monthly Drawing of \$2,000
PREMIUM BONDS.

16th December, 1918.

Notice is hereby given that in
conformity with the conditions en-
dorsed upon the bonds, the under-
mentioned reimbursements, of the
total value of \$20,343 representing
25% of \$81,371 being premium on 6,751
bonds, were drawn on the 16th Decem-
ber, 1918, at the Head Office of the
Company, 5 Avenue Edouard VII,
Shanghai, in the presence of Mr. M.
Speelman, Director, Messrs. Beth, Man-
cell & Co., Auditors, and Messrs. Zung
Tay-sow and Yang Zay-loa, Bond-
holders.

The reimbursements drawn will be
paid on and after the 17th December,
1918, at any of the following places:-
SHANGHAI-International Savings
Society, 5 Avenue Edouard VII.
TIENTSIN-International Savings
Society, 45 Rue de France.

HANKOW-Messrs. Andersen, Meyer
and Co., Ltd., 11 Rue d'Aniol.
CANTON-Messrs. Gerin, Drevard
and Cie, Shamen.

3 Bonds at \$2,000 Each Numbered
1212, 2162, 5272

3 Bonds at \$1,000 Each Numbered
242, 3267, 6040

3 Bonds at \$500 Each Numbered
242, 3067, 5447

3 Bonds at \$300 Each Numbered
681, 2572, 5465

3 Bonds at \$100 Each Numbered
1128, 4535, 6713

1 Bond at \$751 Numbered..... 6738

1 Bond at \$502 Numbered..... 5467

1 Bond at \$160 Numbered..... 4352

and 660 Bonds at \$12.00

2 1200 2282 3467 4532 5574

11 1215 2288 3485 4536 5599

16 1224 2299 3490 4537 5617

22 1239 2303 3492 4538 5636

37 1242 2322 3494 4537 5644

39 1258 2327 3494 4564 5645

43 1272 2329 3531 4566 5653

44 1293 2328 3542 4564 5659

45 1294 2350 3548 4565 5665

78 1302 2358 3562 4606 5664

110 1304 2394 3566 4602 5679

119 1328 2408 3584 4607 5684

121 1334 2422 3594 4611 5706

129 1340 2444 3593 4612 5707

131 1341 2446 3597 4625 5708

130 1356 2447 3615 4626 5721

171 1356 2448 3615 4626 5721

183 1360 2470 3622 4636 5727

189 1363 2476 3625 4636 5727

203 1365 2478 3637 4638 5731

206 1375 2499 3642 4638 5731

215 1387 2515 3657 4637 5731

229 1390 2524 3664 4637 5731

239 1395 2534 3689 4634 5737

259 1405 2542 3694 4724 5810

266 1418 2637 3722 4725 5812

267 1420 2641 3730 4731 5830

267 1426 2662 3735 4732 5836

272 1430 2677 3750 4733 5842

284 1447 2684 3759 4734 5849

302 1453 2688 3775 4767 5862

309 1454 2713 3777 4772 5866

315 1465 2731 3788 4779 5870

317 1467 2732 3794 4780 5870

365 1483 2742 3803 4811 5902

388 1491 2746 3807 4811 5902

414 1509 2760 3814 4821 5915

419 1510 2762 3820 4822 5919

420 1519 2768 3833 4824 5922

438 1528 2793 3837 4849 5947

447 1536 2809 3839 4851 5953

452 1541 2812 3844 4859 5973

466 1543 2814 3844 4853 5973

479 1547 2816 3851 4892 5976

488 1554 2826 3860 4924 5982

504 1580 2837 3869 4932 5983

506 1582 2834 3878 4939 5988

509 1594 2859 3886 4945 5994

513 1597 2870 3901 4948 6003

521 1600 2871 3909 4951 6013

523 1610 2883 3911 4967 6021

545 1618 2884 3918 4977 6033

554 1624 2888 3920 4979 6078

563 1640 2920 3924 4982 6083

607 1659 2927 3934 5005 6109

619 1666 2940 3949 5110 6158

621 1667 2952 3958 5111 6178

642 1669 2954 3966 5012 6182

654 1681 2970 3970 5026 6198

663 1698 2975 3982 5028 6292

673 1703 2993 4014 5046 6295

675 1704 2994 4016 5075 6219

687 1741 3001 4039 5081 6235

690 1744 3016 4048 5092 6242

696 1746 3031 4062 5096 6273

706 1799 3043 4060 5190 6275

713 1800 3064 4063 5124 6289

716 1824 3068 4093 5123 6298

719 1836 3077 4104 5138 6312

729 1828 3090 4109 5141 6322

743 1842 3106 4129 5146 6324

760 1846 3108 4132 5145 6325

794 1848 3116 4132 5188 6333

803 1854 3120 4146 5195 6347

805 1867 3129 4162 5198 6355

810 1864 3144 4164 5209 6361

837 1889 3146 4167 5220 6359

838 1895 3164 4175 5240 6397

842 1899 3168 4191 5245 6389

848 1902 3185 4197 5252 6401

857 1922 3182 4198 5262 6402

871 1925 3189 4209 5323 6464

885 1938 3201 4217 5322 6465

887 1940 3208 4221 5333 6468

903 1956 3225 4225 5338 6475

906 2012 3225 4250 5332 6477

922 2028 3239 4258 5365 6487

923 2032 3248 4259 5390 6514

925 2034 3250 4263 5411 6523

930 2064 3261 4266 5413 6555

940 2066 3262 4267 5421 6562

954 2077 3268 4275 5425 6570

961 2081 3273 4279 5436 6571

978 2082 3279 4303 5458 6576

977 2084 3280 4306 5461 6597

982 2086 3281 4314 5469 6604

1001 2107 3293 4319 5472 6632

1011 2173 3312 4342 5475 6635

1034 2133 3324 4346 5486 6641

1052 2139 3376 4350 5504 6664

1060 2158 3384 4376 5506 6639

1071 2174 3340 4379 5519 6691

1109 2220 3365 4395 5514 6695

1128 2226 3385 4396 5521 6709

1130 2238 3388 4414 5523 6711

1144 2239 3411 4420 5529 6715

1165 2240 3412 4432 5534 6719

1167 2268 3421 4462 5535 6739

1171 2269 3434 4464 5539 6750

1190 2281 3447 4469 5570 6765

A Colonia Portuguesa

A Comissao Directora do
"CLUB PORTUGUEZ," de-
vidamente autorizada, convida
a Colonia Portuguesa de
Shanghai para se reunir hoje,
Terça-feira, as 6.30 p.m. no
Salao do mesmo Club, afim de
se resolver sobre o modo con-
digno de transmitir ao Gover-
no o protesto e horror da
Colonia pelo covarde assassinato
cometido na pessoa do mui
digno Presidente da Republica.

V. F. DE SENNA,
Thezoureiro,
servindo de Secretario.
Shanghai, 17 de Dezembro de 1918.
(Central Building)
18 Nanking Road.

BOGULIL SYKORA

MISS CATHERINE CAMPBELL

SHANGHAI GLEE CLUB

Two Concerts,
Y.M.C.A. Auditorium
120 Szechuen Road

Thursday evening, December 19th,
8:15 o'clock.

Saturday afternoon, December 21st,
3:00 o'clock.

Admission: Adults \$1.00; Students
and Children 50 cents.

SHANGHAI RACE CLUB

NOTICE

NEW YEAR RACES

1st and 2nd JANUARY, 1919.

With the exception of THE
GRIFFINS NEW YEAR CUP,
all other races are open only to
ponies that have been officially
measured either by the Shanghai
Race Club or International Recrea-
tion Club, and that have started.

Members of the Shanghai Race
and International Recreation Clubs
are reminded that Entries for the
New Year Races will close at the
Grand Stand at 6 p.m. on Friday,
27th instant. Entry forms are
obtainable at both Clubs and give
conditions of Races, etc.

By Order of the Stewards,
A. W. OLSEN,
Secretary, Shanghai Race Club.

20550

20550

20550

20550

20550

20550

20550

20550

20550

20550

20550

20550

20550

20550

20550

20550

20550

20550

20550

20550

20550

20550

20550

20550

20550

20550

20550

20550

20550

20550

20550

20550

20550

20550

20550

20550

20550

20550

20550

20550

20550

20550

20550

20550

20550

20550

20550

20550

20550

20550

20550

20550

20550

20550

PORT WINES

Hunt, Roope, Teage & Co.

HUNT'S PORTS

Full Rich
Tawny
Very Old Tawny
Newfoundland
Invalid
Imperial
Coronation

Garner, Quelch & Co.

CENTRAL 2021

Yut Sae Chang & Co.

Wholesale Hardware Merchants
Building Contractors
Engineers' Supplies.

A1284 BROADWAY, SHANGHAI

Ball-Bearing Skates, Basket Balls,
Stove Polish, Door Springs and
Vacuum Bottles.

17997

For Sale

Aqua Ammonia Fortis B.P.
Acetic Acid Glaciale B.P.
Liver of Sulphur.

THE CHEMICAL TRADING
COMPANY,

Y2061 North Szechuen Road.

20244

Street Repairs

Tenders are herewith invited for
street repairs on private property on
Bubbling Well Road.

Engineers' Supplies.

14 Jinkai Road.

20347

S. YUNN CHENG, Coal Merchant

NOTICE

The public are hereby warn-
ed against dishonest invita-
tions to trade from dismissed
employees who use our name to
deceive our respected customers.
We have no branch stores any-
where.

D. C. VAN,
Manager.

12 Dixwell Road, Shanghai.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL NEWS

Exchange and Bullion

Shanghai, December 16, 1918.
Money and Bullion
 Sovereigns: buying rate.
 @ 5/1 = Tls. 3.95
 @ exch. 72.9 = Mex. 15.10
 Gold Dollars: Bank buying rate.
 @ 121 = Tls. 83.64
 @ 73.9 = Mex. 1513.36
 Mex. Dollars Market Rate: 73.65
 Thai Gold Bars: 978 touch Tls. 262
 Copper Cash: per cent 1830
 Native Interest: Tls. 10

Latest London Quotations

Bar Silver 48.50
 Bank Rate of Discount 5%
 Ex. Paris on London Fr. 25.94
 Ex. N. Y. on London T.T. G. 14.74

Exchange Closing Quotations

London T.T. 5/1
 Demand 5/1 1/2
 India T.T. 3393
 Paris Demand 664
 New York Demand 721
 Hongkong T.T. 48
 Japan T.T. 491
 Batavia T.T. 2871
 Singapore T.T. 481

Banks Buying Rates

London Demand 5/2
 Demand 5/3 1/2
 London 4 m/s. Docy. 5/4
 London 4 m/s. Docy. 5/3 1/2
 Paris 4 m/s. Docy. 5/4
 New York 4 m/s. Docy. 1253
 New York 4 m/s. Docy. 1253

Roubles Exchange

Today's Bank Buying Rate
 For Roubles
 Roubles 1170 Tls. 100
 Roubles 100 Mex. 11.50

Canton's House Exchange Rates For December

Tls. Tls. 5.53 @ 5/11
 1 @ 1.50 Mex. \$1.50
 1 @ 603 France 7.39
 1 @ 7.4 @ 1211 Gold 11
 1 @ 431 Yen 2.34
 1 @ 15 Rupees 4.26
 1 @ Roubles

The China Mutual Life Insurance Co., Ltd.

Parents should take advantage of the present high rate of exchange to provide for the future education of their children.

Write to us for particulars of our Special Policies, at 10 Canton Road, Shanghai.

"BICKERTON'S" PRIVATE HOTEL

73, 74 and 75 Bubbling Well Road. Seven minutes from Bund by tram. Strictly first-class cuisine under the personal supervision of the proprietress. Separate baths, hot and cold water, electric light. Tel. W. 2771.

British-America Assurance Co.

Telephone No. 98
 The undersigned, as agents for the above company, are prepared to grant policies against Fire on Foreign and Native risk at Current Rates.

FRAZAR & Co.

Stock Exchange Transactions

Shanghai, December 16, 1918.
TODAY'S QUOTATIONS
 Official
 Chomora Tls. 1.02
 Unofficial
 Kungyik Cotton Tls. 14.50 Dec.
 Langkats Tls. 21.00
 Langkats Tls. 22.00
 Langkats Tls. 22.75
 Shanghai Cotton Tls. 144.00
 Yangtzeport Cotton (Ord.) Tls. 8.00 December

Sharebrokers' Association Transactions

Shanghai, December 16, 1918.
BUSINESS DONE
 Official
 Zhanghe Tls. 4.75 December
 Unofficial
 Langkats Tls. 21.25 cash

LONDON MONEY MARKET

Reuters Service
 London, December 16.—Today's rates were:
 Consols 2 1/2 for account 160
 French Rentes 3% for account 63
 Cheques on London at Paris Fr. 25.97
 Telegraphic Transfers on London at New York G. 14.74
 Japanese 4% Bonds Y. 84
 Rupee Paper, 3 1/2% Loan 1914-15 R. 531
 Bar Silver 48-7/16
 Bank Rate of Discount 5%
 Market Rate of Discount (3 months Bank Bills) 3 1/2
 Exchange Hongkong (Document Bills at 60 days) 3/41d.
 Exchange on Shanghai (Document Bills at 60 days) 5/21d.
 Hongkong and Shanghai Bank Shares (ord. soft.) f.o.b. 40 0/0
 Quicksilver, second hand ex warehouse f.o.b. (14 extra in flask) 21 10/0
 Muntz Metal, f.o.b. London or Liverpool (less 1%) Nominal
 Standard Tin (cash) 275 0/0
 Smelter (ord. soft.) f.o.b. 51 0/0
 Galvanised Sheets 34 gauge f.o.b. Nominal 28 5/0
 Standard Tin (3 months) 276 0/0

U. K. METAL MARKET

Reuters Service
 London, December 16.—Today's metal prices were:
 Standard Copper G. M. B. f.o.b. Nominal 122 5/0
 American Electrolytic 99 90% Copper f.o.b. 137 0/0
 Lead L. B. C. f. per ton, Nominal f.o.b. London 40 0/0
 Quicksilver, second hand ex warehouse f.o.b. (14 extra in flask) 21 10/0
 Muntz Metal, f.o.b. London or Liverpool (less 1%) Nominal
 Standard Tin (cash) 275 0/0
 Smelter (ord. soft.) f.o.b. 51 0/0
 Galvanised Sheets 34 gauge f.o.b. Nominal 28 5/0
 Standard Tin (3 months) 276 0/0

BAR SILVER

Reuters Service
 London, December 16.—Today's silver prices were:
 Bar Silver Spot, 48 1/2 d. gold. Previous quotations, London, Dec. 15:
 Bar Silver Spot, 48 1/2 d. steady.
 London, December 7:
 Bar Silver Spot, 48 1/2 d. steady.
 London, December 8:
 Bar Silver Spot, 48 1/2 d. steady.

LONDON RUBBER MARKET

Reuters Service
 London, December 16.—Today's rubber prices were:
 Plantation First Latex Crepe: Spot, 2s 3 1/2 d. paid.
 April to June, 2s 4 d. paid.
 Tendency of market, steady.
 Previous quotations, London, Dec. 15:
 Spot, 2s 3 1/2 d. paid.
 April to June, 2s 3 1/2 d. value.
 Tendency of market, firmer. Total stocks in London and Liverpool 17,506 tons.
 London, December 9:
 Spot, 2s 3 1/2 d. paid.
 April to June, 2s 3 1/2 d. paid.
 Tendency of market, dull.

Ulobri Rubber Co. May Reconstruct

The eighth annual general meeting of the Ulobri Rubber Co., Ltd., was held yesterday afternoon at the offices of Messrs. Meyer and Messor, secretaries and general managers, 6 Yuen Ming Yuen Road. Mr. N. G. Maitland occupied the chair and there were present Mr. G. Grayrigg and Mr. V. Meyer, directors, Mr. E. A. Messor and Mr. K. A. Prince, secretary. Shareholders representing 9,225 shares attended. After the secretary had read the notice convening the meeting and the auditors' report the chairman said:

Gentlemen: The directors' report and statements of accounts for the year ending June 30, 1918, have been in your hands for some time and, with your permission, I will take them as read.

The Report gives the usual comparative statistics of the working of our estate. In a general way, these statistics are much the same as last year—but our production of rubber fell short of the estimate by 5,600 lbs. In this respect our estate shared the common lot of many of the Straits estates, the shortage being attributed to the unfavorable weather experienced during the first half of the financial year, which was followed by a very heavy winter season during the months of March and April; furthermore it was found necessary to rest Field No. 2, consisting of 25 acres, from the month of March onwards.

All available land suitable for rubber cultivation is now planted, the area under rubber consisting of 223 acres producing and 229 non-producing, a total of 452 acres. Of the non-producing area, 76 acres have come into bearing since the close of our accounts, 34 acres we expect to be taken into tapping during this year, 37 acres will come into bearing in about 18 months and the remaining 82 acres should be yielding in from two to two and a half years' time. A conservative estimate for the present year's output of rubber is 60,000 lbs. Monthly returns to date are above this figure on average and we have reason to hope that the total figure estimated will be exceeded.

Our cost of production is over 2d higher than the previous year, 16.78d compared with 14.14d. This is partly due to the increased cost of materials generally but principally to heavier expenditure on the eradication ofalang which became necessary in the producing area. This expenditure is reported to have greatly improved the condition of the estate and we hope this charge will not appear again. The estimated cost of production for the present year is 14.12d. A good quality of rubber sheet has been manufactured during the year and the working of our factory considered satisfactory. During the year a packing and drying shed and a smoke house were erected, at a total cost of \$8,000. This year's estimates call for no further expenditure under this heading. A good deal of cultivation and manuring has been undertaken during the year, the latter owing to the increased cost of manure it was decided to curtail this work and the balance of the program we have in view will come into the current year's estimates. The rainfall during the year was exceptionally heavy and constantly interfered with tapping operations. With regard to pests and diseases, the general condition of the estate is reported satisfactory. Our manager has succeeded in settling down a sufficient labor force of Tamils on the estate and there is now no reason to anticipate difficulties in this direction. All complete arrangements for our estates this year's estimates include \$2,550 for the erection of a Tamil line of 12 rooms, a small coolie line near the factory and a small conductor's bungalow. The general health of the estate has been good.

Now, gentlemen, that is all I have to tell you with regard to the working of the estate and I feel sure you will agree with me that, under the adverse conditions which have prevailed during the year, the work accomplished by our estate manager, Mr. Hunter, has been satisfactory. It is hardly necessary for me to assure you that our Singapore agents and also our general managers and secretaries, Messrs. Meyer and Messor, have done all in their power to advise and assist the estate manager, while in the

absence of subscriptions to our authorized debenture issue, your directors here have made every effort possible to arrange the necessary finance to carry out the program of development recommended; but I regret to have to inform you that the adverse circumstances which have prevailed for the last twelve months with regard to both rubber production and sale price have brought about a financial position which forebodes the probability of a scheme of reconstruction having to be undertaken if possible in conjunction with the debenture holders. The result of the year's working is a loss of Tls. 4,338.65. The reason for this poor result I have indicated to you in my remarks on the working of the estate, but it should be pointed out that the loss of Tls. 4,338.65 includes the item of Tls. 3,384.67 interest on debentures, so that the actual loss on the working of the estate is only about Tls. 954.

However, the continuance of the adverse market in rubber during the past five months which has brought your directors to indicate to you the necessity that steps will have to be taken to reorganise our finances, and this decision is confirmed by the fact that our agents in Singapore have found it necessary to re-estimate our forward estimates of rubber production.

At our annual meeting held on October 3, 1916, I went fully into the position of the company and with regard to future estimates of production, reported to you as follows:

"Our agents in Singapore have prepared estimates for the following two years to enable the directors to judge as to future prospects. Naturally such estimates can only be regarded as approximate. For the year 1917-18 the output is estimated at 75,000 pounds while for 1918-19 the estimate is 105,000 pounds. Unless there is a heavy slump in prices, the production should place the company in a safe position and probably allow of some profit after paying debenture interest."

Well, gentlemen, the heavy slump in prices came and our Singapore agents now make the following modification of estimates of forward production:

1917-18 60,000
 1918-19 60,000
 1920-21 60,000

The reasons given for this reduction in estimates, or rather delay in reaching the original estimates, is the necessity of resting certain areas and the adoption of the 1/4 cut system of tapping with a view to preserving the bark of the trees. With regard to the latter reason there is nothing to be done, as it is obvious that if the area need resting it is not in the interest of the company to continue tapping to the injury of the trees, merely to the object of forcing production up to a certain date. With regard to the latter reason, the 1/4 cut system probably reduce the quantity of rubber obtained but that they consider the policy a wise one and in these matters we have to be guided by expert advice. Note with regard to the financial position as it stands today: since the close of the accounts now before you we have had to provide the estate with \$14,000 and in the absence of any subscriptions to our authorized debenture issue, we arranged with our bankers to increase our overdraft to a limit of Tls. 15,000 against a deposit of Tls. 20,000 debentures as collateral security. This limit has now been reached as in addition to the remittances to the estate, we had in July to pay debenture interest on the previous six months. Debenture interest to the extent of Tls. 3,800 is due in January and we have also

a loan in Singapore of \$5,000 advanced by our secretaries and general managers, Messrs. Meyer and Messor, on the understanding that debentures would be issued as security when called for.

Since June 30 last our debentures to the extent of Tls. 2,710 have been issued, our Singapore agents, our secretaries and general managers and your board of directors having consented to accept their fees in this form. Including the Tls. 2,000 issued to our bankers, the debenture issue now stands at Tls. 112,760 (of which say Tls. 5,000 stands as margin at our bankers) against an authorized issue of Tls. 125,000.

The set-back of the past year has based, if, however, the slight improvement in the price of rubber is maintained and increases, and there is a fair prospect of it doing so, we may succeed in raising sufficient finance to carry matters till the estate is self supporting. For the last month or two we estimate that income from rubber has at least been sufficient to run the estate. But with the losses of the past year to make up, your directors are seriously considering a scheme of reconstruction, and we trust that the shareholders will support the proposition we hope to be able to put before you soon.

No questions were put and the following resolutions were passed unanimously:

That the report and accounts for the year as printed and circulated be passed. Proposed by Mr. N. G. Maitland, seconded by Mr. G. Grayrigg.

That Mr. G. Grayrigg be re-elected a director of the company—Proposed by Mr. N. G. Maitland, seconded by Mr. E. A. Messor.

That Messrs. Bowles, Bingham and Matthews be re-elected auditors of the company at a remuneration of Tls. 100 per annum for Shanghai and Singapore—Proposed by Mr. E. A. Messor, seconded by Mr. C. R. O. McEldin.

COMMERCIAL CABLES

Reuters Service
 London, December 16.—Today's rates, prices and deliveries were:
 Egyptian Fully Good Fair Sakel-arides 27.56d.
 M. G. Fine Scinde and Bengal, 5.29d.
 Good Middling Texas 1 1/2 inch sagle, 21.80d.
 Plantation Rubber, December, 2s 1d.
 Deliveries, China Silk, 34 bales.
 Deliveries, Canton Silk, 39 bales.
 Deliveries, Japan Silk, 55 bales.

Piece Goods And Yarn

Messrs. Ibert and Co.'s report of December 13, says:—
Piece Goods
 The market has ruled quiet but steady during the week, with little demand to speak of except from New-hwang for dyed goods. The river ports are doing next to nothing, while Szechuan buyers are anxious to procure cargo but are unable to put up the necessary funds or to secure sufficient credit in suitable terms in spite of materially easier monetary conditions. A certain amount of business has been done for Vladivostok in various cloths and it is reported that there is a desperate need of material throughout Siberia. Here again the question of financing forms an almost insuperable obstacle to trade and consequently the amount of piece goods actually sold to that outlet represents only a very small proportion of the inquiries on the market.

The news from overseas markets during the past few days has been a little brighter. Cotton in all centers has been recovering from the downward trend recently in evidence, while demand for piece goods in India is improving. This also seems to be the case in Osaka where "Sampling" quotations have been firmer after considerable weakness. On the other hand the strike in Lancashire is apparently of such magnitude and involves so many spindles and workers that for the time being production must be almost at a standstill.

Grey shirtings 8 1/2 lbs.—Very few sales from first hand have come to our notice, amongst which are Black One-Jose at Tls. 3.75 and Nine Boys at Tls. 5.90 for the Yangtze. At auction this weight was easier.
 9-11 lbs.—No sales to report but at auction heavier weights showed some slight improvement in price.
 12 lbs.—36 inches—Blue Round Dragon at Tls. 8.60 and Blue Large Rag at Tls. 8.80 have been sold to the river ports. Auction values have ruled steady.

White shirtings.—Although there is no material change to report at the moment, several private sales have been made with Hankow, namely Red Large Dog at Tls. 10.25, Gold Nine Tail at Tls. 9.40, Mountain Flower No. 1 at Tls. 9.35, Gold Nine Bais at Tls. 9.20, Gold Nine Tail at Tls. 9.10, One Cash at Tls. 8.80, Theater at Tls. 8.57 1/2 and Two Cocks at Tls. 8.20.
 Bleached T-Cloths—Market steady with sales to advise for Tsingtao and Tientsin of Nine Round Phoenix at Tls. 8.80, Five Round Phoenix at Tls. 7.80, Three Round Phoenix at Tls. 7.45 and Gold Five Cocks at Tls. 6.80.
 Dyed and Fancy Cottons.—General tone of the market quiet but steady. At auction Fast Blacks advanced about one mace and Venetians steady.

Cotton.—The steady decline in the price of the local staple has momentarily ceased. A few days ago rates appeared to have touched bottom when a slight recovery was noticeable and our market is rather firmer all round.

Quotations today are Tungehow at Tls. 28.80 to Tls. 29.50, Steam Ginned at Tls. 27.00 to Tls. 27.50. Ordinary Shanghai at Tls. 26.50 to Tls. 27.00 and Ningpo Cotton at Tls. 25.50. Hupeh Cotton is quoted at Tls. 25.25. Shogel No. 1 has recovered to about Tls. 31.50 to Tls. 32.00. The Liverpool quotations are

cabled by Reuter as follows: Good Middling Texas at 22.50d., Egyptian Sakel-arides at 27.56d. and M. G. Bengals at 15.29d. per lb.

Local Yarn.—A very quiet tone prevails with no business reported, the only enquiry being for spot cargo in 1 1/2 year of which good stocks are rather scarce. Clearances due to unusual rains have eased off during the week as we go to print we hear of the following reported transaction in Watermoon 16s. 1,000 bales at Tls. 152 and in Watermoon 28s. 1,000 bales at Tls. 146 for delivery January, February and March.

Indian Yarn.—Sales are reported in:
 10's—100 bales Surab at Tls. 142.00, 50 bales Apollo (Ring) at Tls. 141.00.
 12's—100 bales Currimbhog (Ring) at Tls. 145.00, 100 bales Herald at Tls. 146.00.

Japanese Yarn.—The following are advised:
 16's—200 bales 3 Horses at Tls. 168.00, 100 bales Fukushima Woman and Boat at Tls. 149.00, 200 bales Standard Horse at Tls. 149.00 and 50 bales Blue Fish at Tls. 150.00.

Sailed from Shanghai

For San Francisco
 Siberia Maru Nov. 17
 China Nov. 24
 Tenyo Maru Nov. 28
 Columbia Dec. 7
 Tanaka Dec. 10
 For Seattle
 Suwa Maru Nov. 28
 For Tacoma
 Andes Maru Nov. 28
 Justin Nov. 28
 Grayson Nov. 28
 Africa Maru Dec. 12
 For Vancouver
 Stanley Dollar Nov. 28
 Harriet Dollar Nov. 12
 Madras Dec. 12
 For London, etc.
 Shidzuka Maru Nov. 17
 Aki Maru Nov. 22
 For Liverpool
 Stentor Dec. 12
 Kuga Maru Dec. 12
 For Marseilles
 Shinfuku Maru Nov. 28
 Taisaku Maru Dec. 12
 Hsukushima Maru Dec. 14
 For Bombay
 Hejazi Dec. 7
 Dunera Dec. 8
 For Calcutta
 Niam Dec. 14
 For Saigon
 C. of Portland Dec. 12
 For Java Ports
 Tjikini Dec. 12
 Tjmanok Dec. 12

RIDE A RIGID, RAPID, RELIABLE

RALEIGH

THE ALL-STEEL BICYCLE

with chain wheels and chains carried to the last pitch of accuracy so that the finest running may be assured. The "silly" run of a Raleigh is world-famous.

GUARANTEED FOR EVER

ALL THE WORLD OVER

Wm. FORBES & CO

Tientsin



Gentlemen—Attention!

SILBERMAN'S

THE STORE where you can buy your Mother, Sister, Relation and Lady Friend a

'XMAS PRESENT

Call at our Ladies' Department for Silk Hosiery, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Mufflers, Silk Jerseys, Manicure Sets, Smart Blouses, etc., etc., etc.

Don't forget the address—

SILBERMAN'S—Opposite the Astor House

SHANGHAI-NANKING RAILWAY ABRIDGED TIME TABLE

Shanghai North To Nanking—Up (Main Line)									
STATIONS	Local	Fast	Slow	Fast	Local	Fast	Slow	Fast	Local
SHANGHAI	7.00	8.10	9.40	12.45	15.50	17.15	18.20	19.30	20.40
SOOCHOW	8.10	9.20	10.50	13.55	17.00	18.10	19.20	20.30	21.40
WUJIANG	9.20	10.30	12.00	15.05	18.10	19.20	20.30	21.40	22.50
CHANGHONG	10.30	11.40	13.10	16.15	19.20	20.30	21.40	22.50	24.00
ZHANGJIANG	11.40	12.50	14.20	17.25	20.30	21.40	22.50	24.00	25.10
CHINCHANG	12.50	14.00	15.30	18.35	21.40	22.50	24.00	25.10	26.20
NANKING	14.00	15.10	16.40	19.45	22.50	24.00	25.10	26.20	27.30
PEKING	15.10	16.20	17.50	20.55	24.00	25.10	26.20	27.30	28.40
TIENTSIN	16.20	17.30	19.00	22.05	25.10	26.20	27.30	28.40	29.50
CHANGHONG	17.30	18.40	20.10	23.15	26.20	27.30	28.40	29.50	31.00
WUJIANG	18.40	19.50	21.20	24.25	27.30	28.40	29.50	31.00	32.10
SOOCHOW	19.50	21.00	22.30	25.35	28.40	29.50	31.00	32.10	33.20
SHANGHAI	21.00	22.10	23.40	26.45	29.50	31.00	32.10	33.20	34.30

E. Restaurant Cars. *Connects at Pukow with the through Siberian service. S. Sleeping Cars.

Woosung Ferts to Shanghai North—Up (BRANCH LINE)									
STATIONS	Local	Fast	Slow	Fast	Local	Fast	Slow	Fast	Local
WOOSUNG	8.00	9.10	10.40	13.45	16.50	18.00	19.10	20.20	21.30
JIANGSU	9.10	10.20	11.50	14.55	18.00	19.10	20.20	21.30	22.40
SHANGHAI	10.20	11.30	13.00	16.05	19.10	20.20	21.30	22.40	23.50
SHANGHAI	11.30	12.40	14.10	17.15	20.20	21.30	22.40	23.50	25.00
SHANGHAI	12.40	13.50	15.20	18.25	21.30	22.40	23.50	25.00	26.10

SHANGHAI-HANGCHOW-NINGPO RAILWAY ABRIDGED TIME TABLE

STATIONS					Local	Fast	Slow	& Goods	Local	press	Local	Local	STATIONS										Local	Local	Fast	Slow	Local	Goods	Fast	Goods	Local																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																								
Shanghai North	dep.	7.35	9.00	10.00	14.50	15.50			14.50	15.50			Zahkou	dep.	6.30	7.55	8.20	14.10	15.10	16.10	17.10	18.10	19.10	20.10	21.10																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														

Chinese and Foreign Banking Announcements

Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China

Incorporated by Royal Charter 1853.

Capital £1,500,000
Reserve Fund 2,000,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders 1,500,000

Head Office: 55 Abchurch Lane, London, E. C. 4.

Court of Directors:
Sir Montagu Cornish Turner, Chairman.
Sir Duncan Carmichael.
T. Cuthbertson, Esq.
Sir Alfred Dent, K.C.M.G.
W. H. Neville Goschen, Esq.
The Rt. Hon. Lord George Hamilton, G.C.B.
W. Post Mitchell, Esq.
Lewis Alexander Wallace, Esq.
The Bank of England.
The London City & Midland Bank Limited.

Branches:
The London County and Westminster Bank Limited.
The National Provincial Bank of England Limited.
The National Bank of Scotland Limited.
Agencies and Branches:
Amritsar, Hongkong, Peking, Shanghai, Canton, Hankow, Harbin, Khabarovsk, Kwantung, Manchuria, Mongolia, Siberia, Turkestan, Ussuriysk, Vladivostok, Yokohama.

Shanghai Branch, 15 The Bund.

Drafts granted on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world. Bills of Exchange bought, Travelling Letters of Credit issued and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.
Interest allowed on Current Deposit Accounts, according to arrangement.
Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

A. I. D. STEWART, Manager.

BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE

Capital Frs. 48,000,000
Reserve Frs. 50,000,000

Successors and Agencies:
Bankok, Hanoi, Saigon, Batavia, Hongkong, Shanghai, Canton, Mengtze, Singapore, Djibouti, Noumea, Tientsin, Dondohery, Peking, Tourane, Haiphong, Papoua, Hankow, Pnom-Penh.

Bankers:
In France: Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris, Credit Lyonnais, Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas, Credit Industriel et Commercial, Societe Generale.
In London: The Union of London and Smith's Bank, Ltd.; Comptoir National d'Escompte des Pays-Bas, Credit Lyonnais.

The Shanghai Agency undertakes all banking operations and exchange business, grants credits on goods and approved securities and receives deposits on current and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

L. ARDAIN, Manager.

Banque Industrielle de Chine

Capital Frs. 45,000,000

one-third of the Capital, i.e., Frs. 15,000,000, subscribed by THE GOVERNMENT OF THE CHINESE REPUBLIC.
Statutes approved by the Government of the Chinese Republic on January 11, 1912.

President, Andre Berthelot.

General Manager, A. J. Pernotta.

HEAD OFFICE: 74, Rue St. Lazare, Paris.

Branches in Peking, Tientsin, Shanghai, Hongkong, Saigon, Haiphong and Yunnan.

BANKERS:

In France: Societe Generale pour Favoriser le Developpement du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.
In London: London County Westminster and Parr's Bank Ltd.
In New York: Redmond & Co.
In Italy: Banca Commerciale Italiana.

Credit Italiano.

Taels, Dollars, Gold Accounts.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts in Gold or Local Currency and fixed deposits on application.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Savings accounts in Gold and Local Currency.

G. LION, Manager.

1 French Bund, Shanghai.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Paid-up Capital £15,000,000

Reserve Funds:
Reserve Fund £15,000,000
Silver 19,500,000
Total £34,500,000

Head Office: HONGKONG

Court of Directors:
Hon. Mr. P. H. Holyoak Chairman.
G. T. M. Edkins Esq., Deputy Chairman.
A. H. Compton Esq.
Hon. Mr. S. H. Dodwell.
C. S. Gubbay Esq.
Hon. Mr. D. Landale.
E. V. D. Parr Esq.
W. L. Patterson Esq.
J. A. Plummer Esq.
Chief Manager.
Hongkong - N. J. Straus.

Branches and Agencies:
Amoy, Hongkong, Peking, Shanghai, Canton, Hankow, Harbin, Khabarovsk, Kwantung, Manchuria, Mongolia, Siberia, Turkestan, Ussuriysk, Vladivostok, Yokohama.
London County and Westminster Bank, Ltd.
Shanghai Branch: 12, The Bund.
Sub-Agency: 9 Broadway.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.
Local Bills Discounted.
Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.
Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, Africa, China, Japan and America.

A. G. STEPHEN, Manager.

Russo-Asiatic Bank

Capital (fully paid) 55,000,000

Reserve Fund 26,900,000

Capital Contributed by the Chinese Government 3,500,000

Reserve Fund 1,750,000

Head Office: Peking.

Paris office: 9, Rue Boudreau.

London office: 64 Old Broad St. E.C. 2.

Bankers:

Paris: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Developpement du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.
Lyons: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Developpement du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.
Milan: Credito Italiano.

Far Eastern Branches:

Bombay, Canton, Hankow, Harbin, Khabarovsk, Kwantung, Manchuria, Mongolia, Siberia, Turkestan, Ussuriysk, Vladivostok, Yokohama.

SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels, Dollars and Roubles. Terms on application.

Local Bills Discounted. Special facilities for Russian Exchange.

Foreign Exchange on the principal cities of the world bought and sold.

Safe Deposit Boxes.

L. JEZLERSKI, G. CARRERE, Managers for Asia.

The Shanghai Commercial and Savings Bank, Ltd.

9, Ningpo Road.

Capital \$541,000.00

Reserve Fund \$11,000.00

Deposits (June 30, 1918) \$2,688,000.00

Cable and Telegraphic Address: "COMSAVANK"

Telephone: Central 4522.

Correspondents at the principal cities throughout China and domestic exchange a specialty.

Credits granted on approved securities. Bills discounted.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits both in taels and dollars according to arrangement.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Interest allowed on Savings Accounts at 4% per annum.

Pocket Savings Banks.

K. P. CHEN, General Manager.

The Bank of China

(Specially authorized by Presidential Mandate of 15th April, 1918)

Authorized Capital \$80,000,000.00
Paid-up Capital \$12,279,800.00
Reserve Fund \$1,298,553.60
Special Reserve Fund \$1,998,933.60

Head Office: Peking.

Branches and Agencies:
Peking, Tientsin, Shanghai, Hankow, Canton, Harbin, Khabarovsk, Kwantung, Manchuria, Mongolia, Siberia, Turkestan, Ussuriysk, Vladivostok, Yokohama.
SHANGHAI BRANCH
Loans granted on approved securities. Local Bills discounted. Interest allowed on Tael Current Account and Dollar Current Account at 2 per cent. per annum and on Fixed Deposits at the following rates:
For 3 months at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum.
For 6 months at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum.
For 12 months at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum.

SUNG HAN-CHANG, Manager.

Shanghai, 1st Nov., 1918.

Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger

Filiale de la Societe Generale de Belgique

Societe Anonyme

Paid-Up Capital Frs. 20,000,000

Head Office: BRUSSELS.

London office: 3 Bishopsgate.

Branches at Peking, Tientsin, Alexandria, Cairo (Egypt) and Rotterdam.

President: JEAN JADOT

Gouverneur Societe Generale de Belgique.

Bankers:

London: Martin's Bank Ltd.

Brussels: Societe Generale de Belgique.

Antwerp: Banque d'Anvers.

Paris: Banque de l'Union Parisienne.

Societe Anonyme.

Lyons and Marseilles: Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris.

New York: National City Bank of New York.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts Taels and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

Every description of banking and exchange business transacted.

M. DEMETS, Manager for China.

Yokohama Specie Bank, Limited

(Established 1880.)

Head Office: YOKOHAMA, JAPAN.

Capital Subscribed Yen 48,000,000

Capital Paid-up Yen 42,000,000

Reserve Fund Yen 24,300,000

London Branches:

The London County and Westminster Bank and Parr's Bank, Ltd.

The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.

The London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.

Branches and Agencies:

Bombay, Los Angeles, London, San Francisco, Buenos Aires, Hongkong, Shanghai, Canton, Hankow, Harbin, Khabarovsk, Kwantung, Manchuria, Mongolia, Siberia, Turkestan, Ussuriysk, Vladivostok, Yokohama.

SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels and Dollars, according to arrangement.

Drafts granted on principal places in Japan, Korea, Formosa, China and all chief commercial places in Europe, India and America.

Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

K. KODAMA, Manager.

International Banking Corporation

Head Office: National City Bank Building, 55 Wall Street, New York.

Capital and Surplus U.S. \$6,500,000
Undivided Profits U.S. \$1,712,000
H. T. S. Green, President & General Manager.

London Office: 26 Bishopsgate, E. C.

San Francisco Office: 222 Montgomery Street.
Far Eastern Branches:
China: Shanghai, Peking, Tientsin, Hankow, Hongkong, Canton.
Japan: Yokohama, Kobe.
Philippines: Manila, Cebu.
India: Bombay, Calcutta.
Straits Settlements: Singapore, Dutch East Indies: Batavia, Soerabaya.
West Indies and Central American Branches:
Republic of Panama: Panama, Colon.
Republic of Colombia: Medellin.
Dominican Republic: Santo Domingo, San Pedro de Macoris.
Santiago, Puerto Plata.

In addition to our own Branches, by reason of our close affiliation with The National City Bank of New York we are able to offer the facilities of its branches at Bahia, Buenos Aires, Caracas, Genoa, Havana, Montevideo, Moscow, Petrograd, Rio de Janeiro, San Juan, P. R., Santiago de Cuba, Santos, Sao Paulo, Valparaiso.
Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit, Bills of Exchange and Cable Transfers bought and sold. Current accounts opened and Fixed Deposits taken on rates that may be ascertained on application to the Bank.
H. C. GULLAND, Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Savings Bank Office:

12 The Bund, and 9 Broadway.

Deposits of not less than \$1, or over \$100, will be received at one time.

Not more than \$1,200 will be received in one year from any single depositor whose credit balance shall not at any time exceed the sum of \$5,000.

Interest at the rate of 3 1/2 per cent per annum will be allowed on the monthly minimum balance.

Deposits may be withdrawn on demand. Accounts will be kept either in Mexican Dollars or Taels, at the option of the depositor.

Depositors will be presented with Pass Books in which all transactions will be entered. Pass Books must be presented when paying in or withdrawing money.

Office Hours—10 a.m. to 3 p.m. Saturday, 10 a.m. to 12 noon.

Commercial Bank of China

Head office: SHANGHAI

Subscribed Capital Sh. Tls. 5,000,000

Paid-Up Capital Sh. Tls. 3,500,000

Advances made on approved securities. Bills discounted.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 3 per cent per annum on daily balance. On Fixed deposits:

For 3 months at 3 1/2 per annum.

For 6 months at 4 per annum.

For 12 months at 5 per annum.

On deposits in Dollars according to arrangement.

H. G. MARSHALL, Chief Manager.

MITSUI BANK, LTD.

SHANGHAI BRANCH

3 Pootung Road

Capital (Paid-up) Yen 20,000,000

Reserve Yen 13,950,000

Head office: Tokio, Japan.

President: Baron Takayama Mitsui

Branches:

Osaka, Nishi (Osaka), Kobe, Yokohama, Nagasaki, Moji, Fukuoka, Shimonoseki, Hiroshima, Kyoto, Nagoya, Kugawaga (Tokio), Otaru.

London: Messrs. Barclays Bank, Ltd.

The London City and Midland Bank, Ltd.

New York: The National City Bank of New York.

The Guaranty Trust Co. of New York.

Every description of Banking and Foreign Exchange Business Transacted.

I. KENJOH, Manager.

The Mercantile Bank of India, Ltd.

Authorized Capital £1,500,000

Subscribed Capital 1,125,000
Paid-up Capital 842,500
Reserve Fund 659,000

Head Office: 15 Gracechurch Street, London, E. C.

London Bankers: London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.
Branches and Agencies:
Bombay, Howrah, Madras, Calcutta, Karachi, Penang, Colombo, Kanchi, Port Louis, Delhi, Kota Bahru (Mauritius), Galle (Kelantan), Hongkong, Kuala Lumpur, Shanghai, Singapore.
Shanghai Branch.
Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Tael Current Accounts at 3 per cent per annum and on Fixed Deposits at rates which may be ascertained on application.
C. T. BEATH, Manager.

26 The Bund.

BANK OF COMMUNICATIONS

Specially authorized by Presidential Mandates of April 17th, 1914, and October 21st, 1915.

Paid-Up Capital: Kuiping Taels 10,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING

60 Branches and Agencies at principal commercial places in China

SHANGHAI BRANCH

35 Seachuen Road.

Interest allowed on both Current and Fixed Deposit Accounts; Credit granted to approved securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

H. TAO, Manager.

Y. M. CHIEN, Sub-Manager.

SUMITOMO BANK, LIMITED

SHANGHAI BRANCH

N. 1 Kuikiang Road.

Capital Yen 20,000,000

Reserves Yen 4,650,000

President, Baron K. Sumitomo

Head Office: OSAKA

Branches:

Important places in Japan

London, New York, San Francisco

Se tie, Honolulu, Bombay and Hankow.

Banking Business in General

Foreign Exchange Business, Travelers' and Commercial Letters of Credit, Correspondents throughout the World.

S. KASAHARA, Manager.

Telephones:

Central 2318 Manager.

Central 2350 General Office.

Central 2356 General Office.

Central 4688 Comptroller.

Central 4621 Night only.

The National Commercial Bank, Ltd.

(Formerly The Chekiang Shing Nih Chartered Bank Ltd.)

Established 1907.

Paid-Up Capital \$1,000,000.00

Reserve Fund 265,000.00

Head Office: Shanghai

Managers' Office Central 2650

Tel. General: Central 2615 & 2614

Branches:

Hankow, Hankow, Peking, Tientsin, Mukden and Harbin.

Correspondents at the principal cities throughout China.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits both in taels and dollars according to arrangement.

Interest allowed on Savings Account at 4 per cent.

Credits granted on approved securities.

Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

Modern Safe Deposit Boxes For Rent

Shen Chu Hsu, Manager.

Shu Chin Mib, Sub-Manager.

D. C. Yang, Sub-Manager.

Nederlandsche Handel Maatschappij

(NEDERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY.)

Established 1824.
Paid-up Capital—Gulden 70,000,000 (about £8,833,333)
Reserve Fund—Gulden 12,760,288 (about £1,663,367)
Head Office: AMSTERDAM.
Head Agency: BATAVIA
Agencies in Holland: THE HAGUE and ROTTERDAM.

Branches:

Bandjermasin, Padang, Soerakarta, Bandoeang, Palembang, Tebing-Tinggi, Cheribon, Pekalongan, Tegal, Djember, Penang, Telok-Betong, Djokjakarta, Pontanak, Tjilatjap, Hongkong, Rangoon, Waitevreden, Kota-Radia, Semarang, Langas, Singapore, Makassar, Soerabaya, Medan.
London Bankers: National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.

SHIPPING

N. Y. K.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA

(Japan Mail Steamship Co.)

Under Mail Contract with the Imperial Japanese Government

SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI

(Subject to Alteration)

EUROPEAN LINE

For Hongkong, Singapore, Penang, Colombo, Suez, Port Said, Marseilles and England.

Tons	Capt.	Dec. 25
YOKOHAMA MARU	11,500 Capt. K. Okamoto	Dec. 25
TAMBA MARU	11,500 Capt. S. Shiozawa	Jan. 20

AMERICAN LINE

Via Pacific, calling at Hongkong, Manila, Shanghai, Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama, Victoria, B. C., and Seattle, Washington.

Tons	Capt.	Dec. 25
FUSHIMI MARU	11,000 Capt. T. Iriawa	Dec. 25
KASHIMA MARU	10,000 Capt. K. Tanaka	Dec. 29

SHANGHAI-YOKOHAMA LINE

(Via Nagasaki, Moji and Kobe.)

Tons	Capt.	Dec. 25
YAMASHIRO MARU	7,000 Capt. Nakajima	Dec. 25
CHIGUGO MARU	5,000 Capt. H. Taniguchi	Dec. 26
KOKURA MARU	4,500 Capt. S. Ito	Jan. 3

Kobe and Osaka Line

Tons	Capt.	Dec. 18
TAKESHIMA MARU	4,500 Capt. H. Arakida	Dec. 18
YAWATA MARU	7,000 Capt. S. Kawai	Dec. 21
OMI MARU	7,000 Capt. M. Machida	Dec. 25
KUMANO MARU	19,500 Capt. S. Saito	Dec. 29

Kobe and Osaka Line

Tons	Capt.	Dec. 25
KAMOMARU	16,000 Capt. R. Shimidzu	Dec. 25

FOR JAPAN

Tons	Capt.	Dec. 21
TAMBA MARU	12,500 Capt. S. Shiozawa	Dec. 21
KAMAKURA MARU	12,500 Capt. K. Nishijima	Dec. 21

FOR HONGKONG

Tons	Capt.	March 5
KASHIMA MARU	10,000 Capt. Y. Tanaka	March 5

FOR MANILA AND HONGKONG

Tons	Capt.	Jan. 25
SUWA MARU	21,000 Capt. J. Teranaka	Jan. 25

AUSTRALIAN LINE

Regular Four-Weekly Service between Japan ports and Australia (calling at Hongkong and Manila).

Tons	Capt.	Dec. 31
TANGO MARU	14,000	Dec. 31
NOKKO MARU	10,000	January
KITANO MARU	10,000	Feb.

CALCUTTA LINE

Regular Fortnightly Service between Yokohama and Calcutta (calling at Shanghai on homeward voyage).

Tons	Capt.	Feb.
BOMBAY MARU	14,000	Feb.

BOMBAY LINE

Regular Fortnightly Service between Kobe and Bombay (calling at Shanghai on homeward voyage).

Tons	Capt.	Feb.
BOMBAY MARU	14,000	Feb.

The Company also runs numerous steamers from Japan to China and Korea ports and Vladivostok, and also between the principal ports in Japan.

For freight passage and further information apply to T. ISHUKIYAMA, Manager, Nippon Yusen Kaisha.

Tel. Address: Yusen, Shanghai.

CHINESE GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS

TIENTSIN-PUKOW LINE

TIME TABLE

(Published by order of the Administration)

November 20th, 1918, and until further notice

Ex. No.	Line	Miles	Station	Time	Station	Time	Station	Time
104	1	0	dep. Peking	arr. Tientsin	104	1	0	arr. Peking
105	1	0	dep. Tientsin	arr. Peking	105	1	0	dep. Tientsin
106	1	0	dep. Peking	arr. Tientsin	106	1	0	arr. Peking
107	1	0	dep. Tientsin	arr. Peking	107	1	0	dep. Tientsin
108	1	0	dep. Peking	arr. Tientsin	108	1	0	arr. Peking
109	1	0	dep. Tientsin	arr. Peking	109	1	0	dep. Tientsin
110	1	0	dep. Peking	arr. Tientsin	110	1	0	arr. Peking
111	1	0	dep. Tientsin	arr. Peking	111	1	0	dep. Tientsin
112	1	0	dep. Peking	arr. Tientsin	112	1	0	arr. Peking
113	1	0	dep. Tientsin	arr. Peking	113	1	0	dep. Tientsin
114	1	0	dep. Peking	arr. Tientsin	114	1	0	arr. Peking
115	1	0	dep. Tientsin	arr. Peking	115	1	0	dep. Tientsin
116	1	0	dep. Peking	arr. Tientsin	116	1	0	arr. Peking
117	1	0	dep. Tientsin	arr. Peking	117	1	0	dep. Tientsin
118	1	0	dep. Peking	arr. Tientsin	118	1	0	arr. Peking
119	1	0	dep. Tientsin	arr. Peking	119	1	0	dep. Tientsin
120	1	0	dep. Peking	arr. Tientsin	120	1	0	arr. Peking
121	1	0	dep. Tientsin	arr. Peking	121	1	0	dep. Tientsin
122	1	0	dep. Peking	arr. Tientsin	122	1	0	arr. Peking
123	1	0	dep. Tientsin	arr. Peking	123	1	0	dep. Tientsin
124	1	0	dep. Peking	arr. Tientsin	124	1	0	arr. Peking
125	1	0	dep. Tientsin	arr. Peking	125	1	0	dep. Tientsin
126	1	0	dep. Peking	arr. Tientsin	126	1	0	arr. Peking
127	1	0	dep. Tientsin	arr. Peking	127	1	0	dep. Tientsin
128	1	0	dep. Peking	arr. Tientsin	128	1	0	arr. Peking
129	1	0	dep. Tientsin	arr. Peking	129	1	0	dep. Tientsin
130	1	0	dep. Peking	arr. Tientsin	130	1	0	arr. Peking
131	1	0	dep. Tientsin	arr. Peking	131	1	0	dep. Tientsin
132	1	0	dep. Peking	arr. Tientsin	132	1	0	arr. Peking
133	1	0	dep. Tientsin	arr. Peking	133	1	0	dep. Tientsin
134	1	0	dep. Peking	arr. Tientsin	134	1	0	arr. Peking
135	1	0	dep. Tientsin	arr. Peking	135	1	0	dep. Tientsin
136	1	0	dep. Peking	arr. Tientsin	136	1	0	arr. Peking
137	1	0	dep. Tientsin	arr. Peking	137	1	0	dep. Tientsin
138	1	0	dep. Peking	arr. Tientsin	138	1	0	arr. Peking
139	1	0	dep. Tientsin	arr. Peking	139	1	0	dep. Tientsin
140	1	0	dep. Peking	arr. Tientsin	140	1	0	arr. Peking
141	1	0	dep. Tientsin	arr. Peking	141	1	0	dep. Tientsin
142	1	0	dep. Peking	arr. Tientsin	142	1	0	arr. Peking
143	1	0	dep. Tientsin	arr. Peking	143	1	0	dep. Tientsin
144	1	0	dep. Peking	arr. Tientsin	144	1	0	arr. Peking
145	1	0	dep. Tientsin	arr. Peking	145	1	0	dep. Tientsin
146	1	0	dep. Peking	arr. Tientsin	146	1	0	arr. Peking
147	1	0	dep. Tientsin	arr. Peking	147	1	0	dep. Tientsin
148	1	0	dep. Peking	arr. Tientsin	148	1	0	arr. Peking
149	1	0	dep. Tientsin	arr. Peking	149	1	0	dep. Tientsin
150	1	0	dep. Peking	arr. Tientsin	150	1	0	arr. Peking
151	1	0	dep. Tientsin	arr. Peking	151	1	0	dep. Tientsin
152	1	0	dep. Peking	arr. Tientsin	152	1	0	arr. Peking
153	1	0	dep. Tientsin	arr. Peking	153	1	0	dep. Tientsin
154	1	0	dep. Peking	arr. Tientsin	154	1	0	arr. Peking
155	1	0	dep. Tientsin	arr. Peking	155	1	0	dep. Tientsin
156	1	0	dep. Peking	arr. Tientsin	156	1	0	arr. Peking
157	1	0	dep. Tientsin	arr. Peking	157	1	0	dep. Tientsin
158	1	0	dep. Peking	arr. Tientsin	158	1	0	arr. Peking
159	1	0	dep. Tientsin	arr. Peking	159	1	0	dep. Tientsin
160	1	0	dep. Peking	arr. Tientsin	160	1	0	arr. Peking
161	1	0	dep. Tientsin	arr. Peking	161	1	0	dep. Tientsin
162	1	0	dep. Peking	arr. Tientsin	162	1	0	arr. Peking
163	1	0	dep. Tientsin	arr. Peking	163	1	0	dep. Tientsin
164	1	0	dep. Peking	arr. Tientsin	164	1	0	arr. Peking
165	1	0	dep. Tientsin	arr. Peking	165	1	0	dep. Tientsin
166	1	0	dep. Peking	arr. Tientsin	166	1	0	arr. Peking
167	1	0	dep. Tientsin	arr. Peking	167	1	0	dep. Tientsin
168	1	0	dep. Peking	arr. Tientsin	168	1	0	arr. Peking
169	1	0	dep. Tientsin	arr. Peking	169	1	0	dep. Tientsin
170	1	0	dep. Peking	arr. Tientsin	170	1	0	arr. Peking
171	1	0	dep. Tientsin	arr. Peking	171	1	0	dep. Tientsin
172	1	0	dep. Peking	arr. Tientsin	172	1	0	arr. Peking
173	1	0	dep. Tientsin	arr. Peking	173	1	0	dep. Tientsin
174	1	0	dep. Peking	arr. Tientsin	174	1	0	arr. Peking
175	1	0	dep. Tientsin	arr. Peking	175	1	0	dep. Tientsin
176	1	0	dep. Peking	arr. Tientsin	176	1	0	arr. Peking
177	1	0	dep. Tientsin	arr. Peking	177	1	0	dep. Tientsin
178	1	0	dep. Peking	arr. Tientsin	178	1	0	arr. Peking
179	1	0	dep. Tientsin	arr. Peking	179	1	0	dep. Tientsin
180	1	0	dep. Peking	arr. Tientsin	180	1	0	arr. Peking
181	1	0	dep. Tientsin	arr. Peking	181	1	0	dep. Tientsin
182	1	0	dep. Peking	arr. Tientsin	182	1	0	arr. Peking
183	1	0	dep. Tientsin	arr. Peking	183	1	0	dep. Tientsin
184	1	0	dep. Peking	arr. Tientsin	184	1	0	arr. Peking
185	1	0	dep. Tientsin	arr. Peking	185	1	0	dep. Tientsin
186	1	0	dep. Peking	arr. Tientsin	186	1	0	arr. Peking
187	1	0	dep. Tientsin	arr. Peking	187	1	0	dep. Tientsin
188	1	0	dep. Peking	arr. Tientsin	188	1	0	arr. Peking
189	1	0	dep. Tientsin	arr. Peking	189	1	0	dep. Tientsin
190	1	0	dep. Peking	arr. Tientsin	190	1	0	arr. Peking
191	1	0	dep. Tientsin	arr. Peking	191	1	0	dep. Tientsin
192	1	0	dep. Peking	arr. Tientsin	192	1	0	arr. Peking
193	1	0	dep. Tientsin	arr. Peking	193	1	0	dep. Tientsin
194	1	0	dep. Peking	arr. Tientsin	194	1	0	arr. Peking
195	1	0	dep. Tientsin	arr. Peking	195	1	0	dep. Tientsin
196	1	0	dep. Peking	arr. Tientsin	196	1	0	arr. Peking
197	1	0	dep. Tientsin	arr. Peking	197	1	0	dep. Tientsin
198	1	0	dep. Peking	arr. Tientsin	198	1	0	arr. Peking
199	1	0	dep. Tientsin	arr. Peking	199	1	0	dep. Tientsin
200	1	0	dep. Peking	arr. Tientsin	200	1	0	arr. Peking

The station for the foreign concessions in Tientsin is "TIENTSIN-EAST"

Conventional Signs.

300 — train runs on Thursday only. 230 — train runs on Fridays only.

300 — on trains marked thus passengers must hold additional place tickets.

B — train has buffet car with regular meal service.

S — train has sleep. accom. 1st & 2nd class, S — train has only 1st class sleep. accom.

Application for sleeping accommodation at \$5.00 per berth should, at the earliest possible moment, be made to the Traffic Manager at Tientsin, or to the Traffic Inspectors at Tientsin, Tientsin, Hsuehow or Pukow.

By Order.

THE TRAFFIC MANAGER.

Tientsin, November, 1918.

Large Display Advertisements

intended for the Sunday issue of The China Press

should be sent in before 5 p.m. on Friday

TUBERCULOSIS GERM KILLED BY NITROGEN

Noted Brazilian Surgeon Shows By Unusual Operation Disease May Be Stayed

New York, November 2.—An operation, said to be unusual in the annals of surgery, for the treatment of advanced tuberculosis, was yesterday performed at Metropolitan Hospital by Dr. J. A. de Oliveira Botelho, noted Brazilian surgeon.

Through the introduction of nitrogen gas into the pleural cavity of a diseased lung, it was stated that complete collapse of that organ had been achieved almost immediately, and the progress of the disease stayed.

A distinguished group of specialists were present to watch the outcome of what Dr. Botelho declared might prove to be a lasting panacea for this disease.

Notable Spectators Several hours before the operation was scheduled to take place, members of the Brazilian High Commission to the United States, many of them prominent surgeons from the South American Republic, gathered in the office of the city's specially invited guests of Dr. Walter H. Conley, chief surgeon and superintendent of the institution and Dr. Ralph H. Herz, its executive intern.

The patient chosen was a man suffering in the last stages of tuberculosis.

Dr. Botelho announced that the operation was a delicate and rare one. He said it would be performed as evidence that the Brazilian discovery was not only practical from a medical and surgical standpoint, but had actually passed the experimental stage. He declared the result would be the prompt annihilation of the tuberculosis germ.

While nine members of the Brazilian Commission sat rigidly in the amphitheater pit, the sufferer was placed on the operating table.

Operation A Success Ten minutes after entering the room, a semi-coma into which he had sunk was fast disappearing, color had returned to his shrunk cheeks and the operation was pronounced a success. It was predicted that recovery might speedily follow.

Under the skillful fingers of Dr. Botelho, and a corps of trained nurses, the operation was of a simple nature.

Describing it, Dr. Herz said: "The patient was first given a mild and local anesthetic which was not destined to produce unconsciousness. A delicately arranged nitrogen tank came shaped and having a pressure of one hundred centimeters was brought to the operating table. A needle resembling a hypodermic point and connected by a tube to the nitrogen tank was thoroughly sterilized and then swiftly inserted directly into the left side and through to the pleural cavity of the lung.

Without pain and barely conscious of minute incision caused, nitrogen gas was forced under the hundred centimeter pressure into the walls and cavities of the lung proper for several minutes. With the withdrawal of the needle a complete collapse of the lung followed, and with its breathing function stopped a further spread of the tuberculosis germ was stayed.

Breathing Easier "Breathing was easily maintained through the untouched lung, and with sufficient force to stimulate and maintain heart action to a normal degree."

Those of the Brazilian High Commission present were Dr. J. L. Mandracchia, Dr. J. A. de Oliveira Botelho, Dr. M. F. Mabardi, Captain E. Liaboa, Lieutenant-Colonel Alípio Gama, Captain M. Fragundes, Lieutenant Franklin, Captain M. Teixeira, Dr. Vicente Moraes, and First Lieutenant L. Procopio.

After their visit to the hospital, the distinguished visitors were guests of Drs. Conley and Herz in an inspection of the penitentiary, where they expressed amazement and surprise at the sanitary and reformatory methods employed.

Provision Prices In Local Market

Prices quoted are in Mexican dollar cents at Hongkong market as compiled on December 10, 1918.

Butcher's Meat

Beef	per lb.	14-20
Mutton	"	16-20
Pork	"	25-30
Veal	"	25-30

Fish

Gama, Captain M. Fragundes, Lieutenant Franklin, Captain M. Tuxelra

(Continued from Page 9)

NOTICE
Yangtze Wharf Property at Poolung

The China Merchants' Steam Navigation Company having heard that certain parties are negotiating for the purchase of the property known as the Yangtsze Wharf and situate on the River at Pootung between the China Merchants' Eastern wharf and the Kailan Administration's wharf hereby give notice that the China Merchants' Steam Navigation Company is the sole owner of the land measuring Forty-five Mow or thereabouts on which the wharf and godowns are erected and that no other party is entitled or authorised to sell or dispose of the same or any part thereof.

Dated the 5th day of December, 1918.

PLATT, MACLEOD & WILSON,
Solicitors for
The China Merchants' Steam Navigation Company.

on Saturday, at 4 p.m., on Sunday,
at 3.15 p.m.

Y. 36, North Szechuen Road.

101 Szechuen Road. Telephone. Central 1320

TIME AND PRICES AS USUAL. BOOK AT ROBINSONS.

You will see some fun with the three quacks in a country town and also a detective story of the very highest order. A real good picture.

Usual Cinema Prices —

"THE LIFE OF

Central 2301 and 2337

Our prices for December have been

8 MUSEUM ROAD.

to Box 371, THE CHINA

Corner of Ningpo & Szechuen Rd
Telephone Central 1124.

Shanghai, Dec. 5, 1918.

127 Skin Disease